#### **ORDINANCE NO. 4226**

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO, STATE
OF CALIFORNIA, AMENDING CHAPTER 43 OF
DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 1 OF THE SAN BERNARDINO
COUNTY CODE, RELATING TO CAMPAIGN FINANCE
REFORM.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, ordains as follows:

SECTION 1. On August 28, 2012, the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino adopted the Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance. The Board of Supervisors made the following findings when it adopted the Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance:

- (a) The Political Reform Act of 1974, as amended, includes provisions pertaining to the campaign contribution limits and disclosure and reporting requirements applicable to candidates for elective state office and individuals, entities, and committees involved in the campaign process.
- (b) Although the Political Reform Act establishes contribution limits for candidates for elective state office, it does not establish contribution limits for candidates for elective local office. However, the Political Reform Act expressly authorizes local governments to impose additional requirements on candidates for local office as long as the requirements do not prevent any person from complying with the Political Reform Act.
- (c) It is in the best interest of the electorate of San Bernardino County and the operations of County government for the Board of Supervisors to adopt, pursuant to the authorization granted by the Political Reform Act, an ordinance establishing a campaign contribution limit and other requirements pertaining to candidates for elective County office.

(d) The Board of Supervisors recognizes that the expertise necessary for the effective administrative implementation and enforcement of such ordinance is significant. The Board of Supervisors also recognizes that the cost to the County if the County directly implements and enforces such ordinance would be significant.

- (e) The Board of Supervisors directed County staff to work with local legislators and the Fair Political Practices Commission to introduce a bill that would authorize the Fair Political Practices Commission to implement and enforce this ordinance. The Board of Supervisors believes that this would reduce the cost of implementing and enforcing the ordinance, increase the effectiveness and efficiency of enforcement, and enable the County to directly benefit from the extensive expertise of the Fair Political Practices Commission.
- (f) The County worked with Assembly Member Paul Cook (R-Yucca Valley) to have a bill introduced, that is, AB 2146, that would authorize the FPPC to administratively and civilly enforce the ordinance upon an agreement between the County and the FPPC. The bill was well-received in the various committees and was ultimately signed by the Governor on July 24, 2012.

SECTION 2. The Board of Supervisors finds that the amendments proposed to the Board of Supervisors on January 28, 2014, will clarify the requirements of the Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance and make the ordinance more closely follow the requirements of the Political Reform Act. The Board of Supervisors notes that County staff consulted with the Fair Political Practices Commission about the amendments.

1	SECTION 3.	Chapter 43 of Division 2 of Title 1 of the San Bernardino County
2	Code, is amended	to read:
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4	CHAPTER 43:	CAMPAIGN FINANCE REFORM
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6	Sections:	
7	12.4301	Name of Ordinance.
8	12.4302	Purpose of the Ordinance.
9	12.4303	Relationship to the Political Reform Act of 1974.
10	12.4304	Definitions.
11	12.4305	Contribution Limit.
12	12.4306	Contributions Through Intermediary and Disclosure.
13	12.4307	Aggregation of Contributions.
14	12.4308	Reasonable Diligence and Disclosure of Aggregated
15		Contributions.
16	12.4309	Candidate's Own Contributions; Family Contributions.
17	12.4310	Intra-Candidate Transfer of Funds.
18	12.4311	Electronic Filing of Campaign Statements.
19	12.4312	Non-Application to Other Elections and Recall Elections.
20	12.4313	Maintenance and Access to Records.
21	12.4314	Violations and Enforcement – Criminal.
22	12.4315	Violations and Enforcement – Civil.
23	12.4316	Violations and Enforcement – Administrative.
24	12.4317	Construction.
25	12.4318	Effective Date.
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## 12.4301 Name of Ordinance.

This ordinance shall be known and cited as the "County of San Bernardino Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance" or the "Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance."

## 12.4302 Purpose of the Ordinance.

The United States Supreme Court has held that the purpose of a campaign reform ordinance must be to reduce corruption or the appearance of corruption in the electoral process, and that corruption in this context means "quid pro quo" corruption. that is, the contribution of money or resources for political favors. This ordinance does this primarily in three ways. First, the ordinance establishes a limit on the amount that individuals and entities may contribute to candidates for elective County office and their controlled committees. Second, the ordinance prohibits the hiding of the identity of contributors through the making of contributions via intermediaries without disclosure. Such contributions are attributed to the real contributor and subject to the contribution limit. Third, the ordinance requires candidates, and persons or entities making independent expenditures (expenditures that are not coordinated with candidates), who raise or expend \$10,000 or more, to file campaign statements in an electronic form with the Registrar of Voters, thus making them more accessible to the public. All of these requirements are intended to make it more difficult for candidates and influential individuals and entities to engage in quid pro quo corruption, to make the financing of campaigns for elective County office more transparent, and to make more information, especially financial information, regarding candidates and their supporters available to voters.

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## 12.4303 Relationship to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

(a) The Political Reform Act, as amended and codified, already establishes certain minimum reporting and other requirements for candidates and certain committees making independent and other expenditures. The Political Reform Act

establishes contribution limits for candidates for state office but does not provide for any contribution limits for candidates for local office. The Political Reform Act expressly authorizes local governments to impose additional requirements on candidates for local office as long as the requirements do not prevent any person from complying with the Political Reform Act.

- (b) Unless a word or term is specifically defined in this ordinance or the contrary is stated or clearly appears from the context, words and terms shall have the same meaning as when they are used in the Political Reform Act, as amended and codified, and in the related regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission.
- (c) If any provision of this ordinance prevents any candidate or person from complying with the Political Reform Act, such provision is preempted by the Political Reform Act to the extent necessary to bring the ordinance into full compliance therewith.

### 12.4304 Definitions.

For the purposes of this chapter, certain words are defined as follows:

CANDIDATE. Any individual who is a candidate for Supervisor, Sheriff, District Attorney, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, Assessor, County Superintendent of Schools, or any other elective County office. Such office would include any elected County offices that have been consolidated or later separated. The provisions of Government Code section 82007 shall also apply to such individual.

COUNTY. The County of San Bernardino.

**ELECTION.** A primary, general, special, or recall election. Each of these is a separate election for purposes of this chapter.

**ELECTIVE OFFICER.** An individual who is a Supervisor, Sheriff, District Attorney, Auditor-Controller/Treasurer/Tax Collector, Assessor, County Superintendent of Schools, or holder of any other elective County office.

ENTITY. Any person, other than an individual.

INDIVIDUAL. A human being.

**PERSON.** An individual, proprietorship, firm, partnership, joint venture, syndicate, business trust, company, corporation, limited liability company, association, committee, and any other organization or group of persons acting in concert.

**SPONSORED COMMITTEE.** A committee, other than a controlled committee, which has one or more sponsors.

**SPONSOR.** Any entity may sponsor a committee. A candidate or other individual may not sponsor a committee. An entity sponsors a committee if any of the following applies:

- (a) The committee receives 80 percent or more of its contributions from the entity or its members, officers, employees, or shareholders.
- (b) The entity collects contributions for the committee by use of payroll deductions or dues from its members, officers, or employees.
- (c) The entity, alone or in combination with other organizations, provides all or nearly all of the administrative services for the committee.
- (d) The entity, alone or in combination with other organizations, sets the policies for soliciting contributions or making expenditures of committee funds.

### 12.4305. Contribution Limit.

(a) Limit on Contributions to a Candidate or a Candidate's Controlled Committee. A person may not make to a candidate or the candidate's controlled committee, and a candidate or the candidate's controlled committee may not accept from a person, any contribution totaling more than the per election amount permitted in Government Code section 85301(a), as adjusted by the Fair Political Practices Commission pursuant to California Code of Regulations title 2, section 18544, effective on January 1, 2013, and on January 1 of each odd-numbered year thereafter. Each primary, general, special, and recall election is a separate election for purposes of this chapter.

- (b) Post-Election Fundraising Restrictions. A contribution for an election may be accepted by a candidate after the date of the election only to the extent that the contribution does not exceed net debts outstanding from the election, and the contribution does not otherwise exceed the applicable contribution limit for that election. Notwithstanding any other provision of County Code section 12.4305, if a candidate or the candidate's controlled committee had net debts resulting from an election held prior to January 1, 2013, contributions to that candidate or committee for that election are not subject to the limits of Subsection 12.4305(a).
- (c) Contributions Received for Primary and General Elections. A candidate may raise contributions for a general election prior to the primary election, and for a special general election prior to a special primary election, for the same elective office if the candidate sets aside these contributions and uses these contributions for the general election or special general election. If the candidate is elected to office in a primary election or special primary election and will not appear on the ballot in the ensuing general election or special general election, is defeated in the primary election or special primary election or special general election or special general election funds shall be refunded to the contributors on a pro rata basis less any expenses associated with the raising and administration of general election or special general election contributions. Notwithstanding Government Code Section 85201, candidates may establish separate campaign contribution accounts for the primary and general elections or special primary and special general elections.
- (d) Separate Controlled Committee for Each Campaign Account. A candidate who is required to file a statement of organization for a controlled committee pursuant to Government Code Section 84101 shall establish a separate controlled committee and campaign bank account for each specific term of elective office identified in statements filed by the candidate pursuant to Government Code Section 85200. A controlled committee and campaign bank account established for a specific

term of elective office may not be redesignated as a controlled committee and campaign account for a future election, even if the future election is for the same elective office.

- (e) Return of Contribution in Excess of Limits.
- (1) Contributions which either in the aggregate or on their face exceed the contribution limits of Section 12.4305(a) shall be deemed not to have been accepted within the meaning of that provision, if returned pursuant to Section 12.4305(e).
- (2) A monetary contribution shall be returned prior to deposit or negotiation, within 14 days of receipt.
- (3) A non-monetary contribution shall be returned by returning to the contributor, within the deadline specified in subdivision (2), any of the following: the non-monetary contribution; its monetary equivalent; the monetary amount by which the value of the non-monetary contribution exceeds the contribution limits of Section 12.4305(a).
- (4) Subsection (e) shall not be construed to authorize the making or solicitation of any contribution in excess of the contribution limits of Section 12.4305(a).

# 12.4306. Contribution Through Intermediary and Disclosure.

- (a) Contributor Acting through an Intermediary. A person may not make any contribution to another person or to a committee on the condition or with the agreement that it will be contributed to any particular candidate unless the contribution is fully disclosed pursuant to Government Code section 84302.
- (b) Intermediary Acting on Behalf of Contributor. A person may not make any contribution to a particular candidate on behalf of another person, or while acting as the intermediary or agent or conduit of another person, unless the contribution is fully disclosed pursuant to Government Code section 84302.

### 12.4307 Aggregation of Contributions.

- (a) For purposes of the contribution limit and reporting requirements of this chapter, the contributions from certain combinations of individuals and entities must be added together to determine the total amount that will be treated as made by, and received from, a single contributor. Such aggregated amount shall not exceed the contribution limit established under Section 12.4305.
  - (b) Contributions of an Entity Treated as Contributions of an Individual.
- (1) The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by an individual shall also be treated as the contributions of the individual.
- (2) The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by two or more individuals shall also be treated as the contributions, on a pro rata basis, of the individuals.
- (3) The contributions of an entity that is majority-owned by an individual shall also be treated as the contributions of the individual, unless the entity acts independently in its decision to make the contributions.
  - (c) Contributions of an Entity Treated as Contributions of Another Entity.
- (1) The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by an individual shall also be treated as the contributions of any other entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by the same individual.
- (2) The contributions of an entity whose contributions are directed and controlled by a majority of persons shall also be treated as the contributions of all other entities whose contributions are directed and controlled by the same majority of persons.
- (3) The contributions of an entity that is majority-owned by a person shall also be treated as the contributions of all other entities majority owned by the same person, unless the entity acts independently in its decision to make the contributions.

## 12.4308. Reasonable Diligence and Disclosure of Aggregated Contributions.

- (a) Candidates, their controlled committees and treasurers, and any person must exercise reasonable diligence to determine whether a particular contribution must be aggregated with another contribution by operation of any provision of this chapter or law.
- (b) Any person who makes a contribution that is subject to aggregation by operation of any provision of this chapter or law shall, at the time of making the contribution, disclose in writing to the candidate or the candidate's controlled committee the existence of all other contributions that must be aggregated with such contribution. This requirement does not relieve the candidate and the candidate's controlled committee and treasurer of the obligations under Subsection 12.4308(a) or law.

## 12.4309 Candidate's Own Contributions; Family Contributions.

- (a) Contribution of Candidate's Own Funds. The provisions of Section 12.4305 do not apply to a candidate's contributions of his or her personal funds or community property to his or her campaign.
- (b) Contribution of Spouses or Domestic Partners. For purposes of this chapter, a single contribution made by both spouses or by both registered domestic partners shall not be aggregated but shall be divided equally between both spouses or between both domestic partners.
- (c) Contribution of Minor. A contribution made by a child less than eighteen (18) years of age is presumed to be a contribution from the parent or guardian of the child. For contribution tracking purposes, if the parents or guardians of the child are married or have joint legal custody of child, the contribution shall be divided equally between them. If one parent or guardian has primary or sole legal custody of the child, then the contribution shall be attributed to that parent or guardian. The committee or candidate accepting a contribution from a child under the age of eighteen (18) shall obtain the information concerning parental or guardian attribution.

### 12.4310 Intra-Candidate Transfer of Funds.

- (a) A candidate may transfer campaign funds from one controlled committee to a controlled committee for County office of the same candidate. Contributions transferred shall be attributed to specific contributors using a "last in, first out" or "first in, first out" accounting method, and these attributed contributions when aggregated with all other contributions from the same contributor may not exceed the limits set forth in Section 12.4305.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection 12.4310(a), a candidate for County office may carry over contributions raised in connection with one election to County office to pay campaign expenditures incurred in connection with a subsequent election for the same County office.

## 12.4311 Electronic Filing of Campaign Statements.

- (a) Electronic Filing of Statements. Any candidate and the candidate's controlled committee that raises or spends at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or any other person, entity, or committee that raises or spends at least ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), in any election in support of or opposition to a candidate, shall file all campaign statements in a format that is approved by the Registrar of Voters for electronic filing.
- (b) Placement of Statements on County's Website. The Registrar of Voters shall cause to be placed on the County's web site a copy of each campaign statement required by subdivision (a) within one working day of the statement being filed with the Registrar of Voters.

# 12.4312 Non-Application to Other Elections and Recall Elections.

(a) Non-County Election. In the event a candidate also runs for election for a state, federal, city, special district, or other non-County office, the provisions of this chapter do not apply to the candidate's campaign for such other office nor to any

committee established solely for the purpose of running for such other office.

(b) Recall Election. The contribution limit of this chapter shall not apply to recall elections but all other provisions of this chapter shall apply to recall elections.

### 12.4313 Maintenance and Access to Records.

- (a) Maintenance of Records. Candidates and their controlled committees shall maintain, for the period of time required in Government Code section 84104, such detailed accounts, records, bills, receipts, and other documentation necessary to prepare campaign statements and to comply with the provisions of this chapter.
- (b) Disclosure of Records. Candidates and their controlled committees shall deliver to the Registrar of Voters and any public entity or official having authority to implement or enforce this chapter, upon demand, the documentation and information described in subsection (a) and any other information and documentation sufficient to allow the determination of whether any provision of this chapter has been violated.
- (c) Authorization to Access Records. Candidates and their controlled committees shall deliver to the Registrar of Voters and any public entity or official having authority to implement or enforce this chapter, upon demand, a written authorization permitting such entity or official to have access to all documentation and information pertaining to the campaign contribution checking account.

### 12.4314 Violations and Enforcement -- Criminal.

- (a) Any person who knowingly or willfully violates any provision of this chapter, who purposely causes any other person to violate any provision of this chapter, or who aids and abets any other person in the violation of any provision of this chapter, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (b) In addition to any other penalties provided by this chapter or the County Code or law, a fine of up to the three times the amount the person failed to report properly or unlawfully contributed, expended, gave, or received, or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), whichever is greater, may be imposed upon conviction for each violation.

(c) A plea of noto contendere shall be deemed a conviction for purposes of this section.

### 12.4315 Violations and Enforcement -- Civil.

- (a) Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, who purposely causes any other person to violate any provision of this chapter, or who aids and abets any other person in the violation of any provision of this chapter, shall be subject to, in addition to any other penalties provided by this chapter or the County Code or law, a civil penalty of up to three times the amount the person failed to report properly or unlawfully contributed, expended, gave, or received, or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), whichever is greater. Civil remedies also include injunctive or other equitable or declaratory relief.
- (b) If two or more persons are responsible for any violation of any provision of this chapter, then they shall be jointly and severally liable.
- (c) The civil prosecutor is primarily responsible for enforcement of the civil penalties and remedies of this chapter. The civil prosecutor shall be the Fair Political Practices Commission.
- (d) Any person residing within the jurisdiction of the election may bring a civil action under this section. Before filing such action, such person must first file with the civil prosecutor a written request for the civil prosecutor to commence the action, subject to procedures that comport with the procedures set forth in Government Code section 91007.
- (e) No civil action may be filed with regard to a person for any violation of this chapter after an administrative order pursuant to section 12.4316 has been issued against such person for the same violation.

### 12.4316 Violations and Enforcement -- Administrative.

- (a) Any person who, pursuant to an appropriate administrative action, is determined to have violated any provision of this chapter, purposely caused any other person to violate any provision of this chapter, or aided and abetted any other person in the violation of any provision of this chapter, shall be subject to an administrative order requiring that the person to do all or any of the following:
  - (1) cease and desist violation of the chapter;
- (2) file any reports, statements, or other documents or information required by the chapter;
- (3) pay a monetary penalty of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) per violation;
- (b) If two or more persons are responsible for any violation of any provision of this chapter, then they shall be jointly and severally liable.
- (c) No administrative action brought alleging a violation of any provision of this chapter shall be commenced more than five (5) years after the date on which the violation occurred.

### 12.4317 Construction.

This chapter shall be liberally construed to accomplish its purposes.

#### 12.4318 Effective Date.

The Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance shall be effective on January 1, 2013. The Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance shall apply only to contributions made to, or received by, a candidate on or after January 1, 2013. No contribution made to, or received by, a candidate prior to January 1, 2013, shall be considered whatsoever for purposes of the contribution limit, the aggregation of contributions provision, or any other requirement of the Campaign Finance Reform Ordinance.

SECTION 4. The Board of Supervisors declares that it would have adopted this ordinance and each section, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of it irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, sentences, clauses, phrases, or portions of it were declared invalid or unconstitutional. If for any reason any portion of this ordinance is declared invalid or unconstitutional, then all other portions of the ordinance shall remain valid and enforceable.

SECTION 5. This ordinance shall take effect thirty (30) days from the date of adoption.

**Board of Supervisors** 

SIGNED AND CERTIFIED THAT A COPY OF THIS DOCUMENT HAS BEEN DELIVERED TO THE CHAIR OF THE BOARD

LAURA H. WELCH

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Berhardino

1	STATE OF CALIFORNIA )		
2	) ss. COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO )		
3 4	I, LAURA H. WELCH, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, hereby certify that at a regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of said County and State, held on the <a 4"="" href="https://link.nih.google.com/link.nih.google&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;5&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;6&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Lovingood, Rutherford, Ramos, Ovitt, Gonzales&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;7&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=3&gt;and the Clerk, the foregoing ordinance was passed and adopted by the following vote, to wit:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;8&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;AYES: SUPERVISORS: Lovingood, Rutherford, Ramos, Ovitt, Gonzale&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;10&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;NOES: SUPERVISORS: None&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;1&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ABSENT: SUPERVISORS: None&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;3&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the official seal of the Board of Supervisors this &lt;a href=" https:="" links="" links.com="" nc="">11thday of February</a> , 2014.		
14 15 16			
8	APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
19	By: KENNETH C. HARDY Deputy County Counsel		
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23	Date: \/\dar/14		
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