- 1 Amend 2 Cal. Code Regs., Section 18701 to read:
- 2 § 18701. Determining Whether a Financial Effect Is Reasonably Foreseeable.
- presumed to be reasonably foreseeable if the financial interest is a named party in, or the subject of, a governmental decision before the official or the official's agency. A financial interest is the subject of a proceeding if the decision involves the issuance, renewal, approval, denial or

(a) Financial Interest Explicitly Involved: A financial effect on a financial interest is

- 7 revocation of any license, permit, or other entitlement to, or contract with, the financial interest,
- 8 and includes any governmental decision affecting a real property financial interest as described
- 9 in Regulation 18702.2(a)(1)-(6).

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- (b) Financial Interest Not Explicitly Involved in Decision: A financial effect need not be likely to be considered reasonably foreseeable. In general, if the financial effect can be recognized as a realistic possibility and more than hypothetical or theoretical, it is reasonably foreseeable. If the financial result cannot be expected absent extraordinary circumstances not subject to the public official's control, it is not reasonably foreseeable. In determining whether a governmental decision will have a reasonably foreseeable financial effect on a financial interest other than an interest described in subdivision (a), the following factors should be considered. These factors are not intended to be an exclusive list of all the relevant facts that may be considered in determining whether a financial effect is reasonably foreseeable, but are included as general guidelines.
  - (1) The extent to which the occurrence of the financial effect is contingent upon intervening events, not including future governmental decisions by the official's agency, or any other agency appointed by or subject to the budgetary control of the official's agency.

2/22/21 Amend 18701

- (2) Whether the public official should anticipate a financial effect on his or her the official's financial interest as a potential outcome under normal circumstances when using appropriate due diligence and care.
- (3) Whether the public official has a financial interest that is of the type that would typically be affected by the terms of the governmental decision or whether the governmental decision is of the type that would be expected to have a financial effect on businesses and individuals similarly situated to those businesses and individuals in which the public official has a financial interest.
- (4) Whether a reasonable inference can be made that the financial effects of the governmental decision on the public official's financial interest might compromise a public official's ability to act in a manner consistent with his or her the official's duty to act in the best interests of the public.
- (5) Whether the governmental decision will provide or deny an opportunity, or create an advantage or disadvantage for one of the official's financial interests, including whether the financial interest may be entitled to compete or be eligible for a benefit resulting from the decision.
- (6) Whether the public official has the type of financial interest that would cause a similarly situated person to weigh the advantages and disadvantages of the governmental decision on his or her the official's financial interest in formulating a position.
- Note: Authority cited: Section 83112, Government Code. Reference: Sections 87100, 87102.5,
- 21 87102.6, 87102.8 and 87103, Government Code.

2/22/21 Amend 18701