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8	BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION				
9	STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
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11	In the Matter of:	FPPC Case No. 17/79			
12	FRIENDS OF FRANK BIGELOW FOR	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER			
13	ASSEMBLY 2016, FRANK BIGELOW, AND VONA L. COPP,				
14	Respondents.				
15					
16	INTRODUCTION				
17	Frank Bigelow ran for re-election to the California State Assembly in the November 8, 2016				
18	General Election. In conjunction with his bid for re-election, Frank Bigelow created the candidate-				
19	controlled committee Friends of Frank Bigelow for	Assembly 2016 (the "Committee"). The			
20	Committee's treasurer is Vona L. Copp ("Copp").				
21	In advance of the election, the Committee made a number of campaign expenditures without first				
22	depositing the respective funds used into the campai	gn bank account, as is required. Instead, Frank			
23	Bigelow paid for the expenses using his own person	al funds and the Committee later reimbursed his			
24	wife, Barbara Bigelow, for those payments. As a result, Respondents violated the Political Reform Act				
25	(the "Act"). ¹				
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27 28	¹ The Act is contained in Government Code sections 81000 through 91014. All statutory references are to the Government Code, unless otherwise indicated. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to Title 2, Division 6 of the California Code of Regulations, unless otherwise indicated.				

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SUMMARY OF THE LAW

The Act and its regulations are amended from time to time. The violations in this case occurred in 2015 and 2016. For this reason, all legal references and discussions of law pertain to the Act's provisions as they existed at that time.

Need for Liberal Construction and Vigorous Enforcement of the Political Reform Act

When enacting the Act, the people of California found and declared that previous laws regulating political practices suffered from inadequate enforcement by state and local authorities.² For this reason, the Act is to be construed liberally to accomplish its purposes.³

One Bank Account Rule

To ensure full disclosure of campaign activity and to guard against improper use of campaign funds, a candidate must establish a single, designated campaign bank account upon filing a statement of intention to be a candidate.⁴ All campaign contributions and loans must be deposited into the campaign account.⁵ Personal funds of the candidate that will be used for the campaign must be deposited in the campaign account prior to expenditure.⁶ All campaign expenditures must be made from the campaign account.⁷

Joint and Several Liability of Candidate, Committee, and Treasurer

It is the duty of a committee treasurer to ensure that the committee complies with the Act.⁸ A treasurer may be held jointly and severally liable, along with the candidate and the committee, for violations committed by the committee.⁹

SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

The Committee filed its initial statement of organization on or about November 21, 2014 and qualified as a committee on December 29, 2014. Frank Bigelow, who was first elected to the State

² Section 81001, subd. (h).

³ Section 81003.

⁴ Section 85201, subd. (a).

⁵ Section 85201, subd. (c).

⁶ Section 85201, subd. (d).

⁷ Section 85201, subd. (e).

⁸ Sections 81004, 84100, 84104, and 84213; Regulation 18427.

⁹ Sections 83116.5 and 91006.

Assembly in 2012, was successfully re-elected in 2016, receiving approximately 64.5 percent of the vote. The Committee thereafter terminated on or about December 31, 2016.

Prior to the election, Respondents followed a procedure that fell outside the bounds of the Act's one bank account rule. Frank Bigelow made campaign expenditures using his personal credit card and, thereafter, submitted the respective invoices and receipts to Copp for reimbursement. Copp then issued reimbursement checks made payable to Barbara Bigelow from the Committee bank account. According to Respondents, the reimbursements were issued to Barbara Bigelow because she handled the couple's finances and the couple used a shared bank account. In this way, Respondents circumvented the campaign bank account.

In particular, from January 2015 to August 2016, Frank Bigelow charged approximately \$2,189.78 in campaign expenses to his personal account, summarized as follows:

Date of Expenditure	Payee	Amount	Description
1/14/2015	De Vere's	\$71.84	Donor Lunch meeting
3/18/2015	Café Bernardo	\$92.26	Donor Lunch meeting
3/26/2015	Mayahuel	\$74.33	Donor Lunch meeting
6/30/2015	Chops	\$25.62	Donor Dinner meeting
7/1/2015	Mayahuel	\$72.96	Donor Lunch meeting
8/18/2015	Foundation	\$181.71	Donor Dinner meeting
8/19/2015	Brasserie Capitale	\$96.29	Donor Lunch meeting
8/24/2015	Chops	\$52.03	Donor Dinner meeting
9/9/2015	Aioli Bodega Espanola	\$154.24	Donor Dinner meeting
2/6/2016	Levy Restaurant, Sleep Train Arena	\$1,205.40	Campaign Fundraiser
3/1/2016	Esquire Grill	\$32.04	Donor Meeting
4/13/2016	Hyatt Regency Starbucks	\$13.40	Donor Meeting
8/24/2016	Grange	\$117.66	Donor Dinner meeting
		\$2,189.78	

Many of the pertinent expenditures were made in connection with donor lunch and dinner meetings. Although Respondents reported the four expenditures of \$100 or more, which are required to be itemized, on the Committee's campaign statements, Respondents listed the payments on the incorrect schedule. Further, Respondents failed to report \$530.77 in unitemized expenditures from the above list on the Committee's campaign statements.

VIOLATION

Count 1: Failure to Pay Expenses From Campaign Bank Account

The Committee, Bigelow, and Copp failed to pay approximately \$2,189.78 in expenditures from the designated campaign bank account, in violation of Section 85201, subdivisions (d) and (e).

PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of one count. The maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000 per count. Thus, the maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000.¹⁰

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Commission considers the facts of the case, the public harm involved, and the purposes of the Act. Also, the Commission considers factors such as: (a) the seriousness of the violation; (b) the presence or absence of any intention to conceal, deceive or mislead; (c) whether the violation was deliberate, negligent or inadvertent; (d) whether the violation was isolated or part of a pattern; (e) whether corrective amendments voluntarily were filed to provide full disclosure; and (f) whether the violator has a prior record of violations.¹¹

In this case, the type of violation charged herein is generally serious in nature. However, the amount of expenditures paid outside of the campaign bank account here falls on the lower end, somewhat lessening the harm caused by the violation. Further, during its investigation, the Enforcement Division did not discover any evidence displaying any intention by Respondents to conceal, deceive, or mislead the public. Instead, it appears that Respondents were simply negligent in their actions. Finally, Respondents do not have a prior history of violations of the Act.

The Commission also considers penalties in prior cases involving similar violations. Comparable cases involving violations of the one bank account rule include the following:

• *In the Matter of Patricia Lopez, Patty Lopez for Assembly 2014, and Carolina Perez*; FPPC Nos. 15/313 and 15/314. Respondents, a candidate for State Assembly, her controlled committee, and its treasurer, improperly made campaign expenditures totaling \$4,698 that were not paid from the campaign

¹⁰ Section 83116, subd. (c).

¹¹ Regulation 18361.5, subd. (d).

bank account, but instead were paid for with the candidate's personal funds, in violation of Section 85201. Further, \$545.97 of this amount was not timely reported on a campaign statement. In March 2016, the Commission approved a penalty of \$1,500 on one count.

As to Count 1, a penalty higher than that approved in the comparable case is recommended given the fact that Respondents committed additional violations that are not charged herein. In 2015 and 2016, the Committee made three separate reimbursements to Barbara Bigelow that covered expenditures that were not for a political, legislative, or governmental purpose. These personal use expenditures included a \$134.38 laundry charge and spa purchases of \$20.52 and \$431.68, all at Fairmont hotels. As to the \$134.38 and \$431.68 charges, Frank Bigelow instructed Copp to exclude those charges from the respective reimbursements paid to his wife. Despite these instructions, however, the amounts were included in the reimbursements. All three personal use charges were paid back to the Committee after Respondents were contacted by the Enforcement Division. Given the small amounts at issue, and in the interest of settlement, these additional violations are not being charged here.

Based on the foregoing, a penalty in the amount of \$2,000 is recommended.

CONCLUSION

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondents, Friends of Frank Bigelow for Assembly 2016, Frank Bigelow, and Vona L. Copp, hereby agree as follows:

- 1. The Respondents violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.
- 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices

 Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting—or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.
- 3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter—for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of the Respondent pursuant to Section 83116.
- 4. Respondents have consulted with their attorney, Ashlee Titus, Bell, McAndrews & Hiltachk, LLP, and understand, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive, all procedural rights set forth in Sections 83115.5, 11503, 11523, and Regulations 18361.1 through 18361.9. This includes, but is

not limited to the right to appear personally at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to be represented by an attorney at Respondents' own expense, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoena witnesses to testify at the hearing, to have an impartial administrative law judge preside over the hearing as a hearing officer, and to have the matter judicially reviewed.

- 5. The Respondents agree to the issuance of the decision and order set forth below. Also, the Respondents agree to the Commission imposing against them an administrative penalty in the amount of \$2,000. One or more cashier's checks or money orders totaling said amount—to be paid to the General Fund of the State of California—is/are submitted with this stipulation as full payment of the administrative penalty described above, and same shall be held by the State of California until the Commission issues its decision and order regarding this matter.
- 6. If the Commission declines to approve this stipulation—then this stipulation shall become null and void, and within fifteen business days after the Commission meeting at which the stipulation is rejected, all payments tendered by the Respondents in connection with this stipulation shall be reimbursed to the Respondents. If this stipulation is not approved by the Commission, and if a full evidentiary hearing before the Commission becomes necessary, neither any member of the Commission, nor the Executive Director, shall be disqualified because of prior consideration of this Stipulation.
- 7. The parties to this agreement may execute their respective signature pages separately. A copy of any party's executed signature page including a hardcopy of a signature page transmitted via fax or as a PDF email attachment is as effective and binding as the original.

Dated:	Galena West, Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission
Dated:	Frank Bigelow, individually and on behalf of Friends of Frank Bigelow for Assembly 2016

1	Dated:	
2		Vona L. Copp, individually and on behalf of Friends of Frank Bigelow for Assembly 2016
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1	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of Friends of Frank Bigelow for Assembly 2016,		
2	Frank Bigelow, and Vona L. Copp," FPPC Case No. 17/79 is hereby accepted as the final decision and		
3	order of the Fair Political Practices Commission, effective upon execution below by the Chair.		
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5	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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7	Dated:		
8	Joann Remke, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission		
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