1	GALENA WEST		
2	Chief of Enforcement THERESA GILBERTSON		
3	Commission Counsel Fair Political Practices Commission		
4	1102 Q Street, Suite 3000 Sacramento, CA 95811		
5	Telephone: (916) 322-5660 Facsimile: (916) 322-1932		
6	Attorneys for Complainant		
7			
8	BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
9	STATE OF C	ALIFORNIA	
10	In the Matter of:	FPPC Case No. 15/248	
11	BARBADILLO FOR MILPITAS CITY	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER	
12	COUNCIL 2014, GARRY BARBADILLO,		
13	Respondents.		
14		I	
15	INTROD	DUCTION	
16	This matter arose from a complaint submitted to the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political		
17	Practices Commission. Respondent Barbadillo for Milpitas City Council 2014 is a candidate-controlled		
18	committee formed to support the election of Respondent Garry Barbadillo in the November 4, 2014		
19	General Election. Barbadillo also served as the Committee's treasurer. The Political Reform Act ¹		
20	requires committees to make all expenditures and deposit all contributions into one designated campaign		
21	bank account. The Committee and Barbadillo violat	ed the Act by failing to make all expenditures out of	
22	the designated campaign bank account.		
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27	¹ The Political Reform Act—sometimes simply referrences are to this code.	ed to as the Act—is contained in Government Code sections The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission	

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SUMMARY OF THE LAW

The Act and its regulations are amended from time to time. The violations in this case occurred in 2014. For this reason, all legal references and discussions of law pertain to the Act's provisions as they existed at that time—unless otherwise noted.

Need for Liberal Construction and Vigorous Enforcement of the Political Reform Act

When enacting the Political Reform Act, the people of California found and declared that previous laws regulating political practices suffered from inadequate enforcement by state and local authorities.² Thus, it was decreed that the Act "should be liberally construed to accomplish its purposes."³ One purpose of the Act is to promote transparency by ensuring that receipts and expenditures in election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed so that voters are fully informed and improper practices are inhibited.⁴ Another purpose of the Act is to provide adequate enforcement mechanisms so that the Act will be "vigorously enforced."⁵

One Designated Campaign Bank Account

A candidate-controlled committee must make all campaign expenditures from the committee's designated bank account.⁶ Any loans to the candidate or committee shall be deposited in the campaign bank account before being utilized.⁷ Any personal funds a candidate intends to spend on campaign-related expenses must first be deposited in the campaign bank account before the expenditure is made.⁸

Joint and Several Liability of Committee and Treasurer

It is the duty of a committee treasurer to ensure that the committee complies with the Act.⁹ A treasurer may be held jointly and severally liable, along with the committee, for violations committed by the committee.¹⁰

- ² Section 81001, subdivision (h).
- ³ Section 81003.
- ⁴ Section 81002, subdivision (a).
- ⁵ Section 81002, subdivision (f).
- ⁶ Section 85201, subdivision (e).
- ⁷ Section 85201, subdivision (c).
- ⁸ Section 85201, subdivision (d) and Regulation 18524, subdivision (a).

¹⁰ Sections 83116.5 and 91006.

⁹ Sections 81004, 84100, and Regulation 18427.

SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

Barbadillo was a successful candidate in the 2014 Milpitas City Council race in the November 4, 2014 General Election. During the campaign, the Committee made payments totaling \$7,373.65 from sources other than the designated campaign bank account. These payments are detailed as follows:

6	Reporting Period	Payee	Description	Amount
	Semiannual 01/01/14-06/30/14	GLP Graphic Design	Literature	\$350.00
1	Pre-election 07/01/14-09/30/14	Copyworld, Inc.	Literature	\$237.62
8		Copyworld, Inc.	Literature	\$990.00
		Copyworld, Inc.	Literature	\$458.89
9		Copyworld, Inc.	Literature	\$135.05
		Tigo Corporation	Misc. Campaign	\$822.16
10		Milpitas Post	Print Ads	\$1,292.00
11		Speedy Signs	Misc. Campaign	\$1,268.93
	Pre-election 10/01/14-10/18/14	Sunnyhills Neighborhood	Literature	\$250.00
12		Association		
		Prima Mail	Literature	\$550.00
13		Not Itemized/Not reported	Not itemized	\$75.00
14	Semiannual 10/19/14-12/31/14	Robocent, Inc.	Phone Banks	\$158.00
		Facebook, Inc.	Literature	\$341.00
15		Phillippine Digest, Inc.	Print Ads	\$350.00
		Not Itemized/Not reported	Not itemized	\$95.00
16			Total	= \$7,373.65

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The Committee reported the payments listed above, including payee, payee address, and description of expenditure, accurately on the campaign statements with only the two exceptions noted above which were less than \$100 each. However, the funds were not sourced from the campaign bank account. The payments, made by Barbadillo, were reported as loans to the campaign. The Enforcement Division requested and received documentation, including: committee bank account statements, copies of checks from Barbadillo's law firm, personal checks from Barbadillo, and personal credit cards held by Barbadillo. These records showed that the campaign bank account was not used for the payments listed above. The bank account was not opened until October 3, 2014, well after the campaign began making expenditures that require the opening of a campaign bank account.

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VIOLATION

Count 1

Respondents Barbadillo for Milpitas City Council 2014 and Barbadillo failed to pay a total of \$7,373.65 in expenditures from the designated campaign bank account, in violation of Section 85201.

PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of one count. The maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000 per count. Thus, the maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000.¹¹

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Commission considers the facts of the case, the public harm involved, and the purposes of the Act. Also, the Commission considers factors such as: (a) the seriousness of the violation; (b) the presence or absence of any intention to conceal, deceive or mislead; (c) whether the violation was deliberate, negligent or inadvertent; (d) whether the violation was isolated or part of a pattern; (e) whether corrective amendments voluntarily were filed to provide full disclosure; and (f) whether the violator has a prior record of violations.¹² Here, the violation appears negligent, but not deliberate and there is no prior enforcement history. Further, the Committee's campaign statements disclosed all of the expenditures so there was no intent to conceal the Committee's expenditures. The violation is considered serious as the designated campaign bank account rule is considered key to ensuring that committees accurately disclose their contributions and expenditures.

Additionally, the Commission considers penalties in prior cases with comparable violations. In prior matters, the penalty has ranged from the mid-to-high range. For example, In the Matter of Friends of Frank Bigelow for Assembly 2016, Frank Bigelow, and Vona L. Copp, FPPC Case No. 17/0079, involved respondents made campaign expenditures totaling \$2,189.78 that were not paid from the campaign bank account. In aggravation, campaign funds were used, in small amounts, for personal use

¹¹ See Section 83116, subdivision (c).

¹² Regulation 18361.5, subdivision (d).

and over \$500 in unitemized expenditures were not reported on campaign statements. The Commission 2 imposed a penalty of \$2,000 for one count on December 21, 2017. Here, the Committee reported the 3 expenditures that were spent outside the bank account, but the amount of funds spent outside the account 4 was larger than in *Bigelow*. After considering the factors listed in Regulation §18361.5 and penalties in 5 prior similar cases, a penalty of \$2,000 is recommended.

CONCLUSION

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondents Barbadillo for Milpitas City Council 2014 and Garry Barbadillo hereby agree as follows:

1. Respondents violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.

12 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices 13 Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting—or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.

3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter—for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of Respondents pursuant to Section 83116.

4. Respondent has consulted with his attorney, Rajeev Madnawat, Attorney at Law, and understands, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waives, all procedural rights set forth in Sections 83115.5, 11503, 11523, and Regulations 18361.1 through 18361.9. This includes, but is not limited to the right to appear personally at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to be represented by an attorney at Respondent's own expense, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoen a witnesses to testify at the hearing, to have an impartial administrative law judge preside over the hearing as a hearing officer, and to have the matter judicially reviewed.

24 5. Respondents agree to the issuance of the decision and order set forth below. Also, 25 Respondents agree to the Commission imposing against them an administrative penalty in the amount of 26 \$2,000. One or more cashier's checks or money orders totaling said amount—to be paid to the General 27 Fund of the State of California—is/are submitted with this stipulation as full payment of the

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STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER FPPC Case No. 15/248

1	administrative penalty described above, and same shall be held by the State of California until the
2	Commission issues its decision and order regarding this matter.

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3 6. If the Commission refuses to approve this stipulation-then this stipulation shall become null and void, and within fifteen business days after the Commission meeting at which the stipulation is rejected, all payments tendered by Respondents in connection with this stipulation shall be reimbursed to Respondents. If this stipulation is not approved by the Commission, and if a full evidentiary hearing before the Commission becomes necessary, neither any member of the Commission, nor the Executive Director, shall be disqualified because of prior consideration of this Stipulation.

7. The parties to this agreement may execute their respective signature pages separately. A copy of any party's executed signature page, including a hardcopy of a signature page transmitted via fax or as a PDF email attachment, is as effective and binding as the original.

13	Dated:		
13	Galena West, Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission		
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16	Dated:		
17	Garry Barbadillo, individually and on behalf of Barbadillo for Milpitas City Council 2014, Respondents		
18	Dated:		
19	Rajeev Madnawat Attorney for Respondent		
20	Attorney for Respondent		
21	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of Barbadillo for Milpitas City Council		
22	2014 and Garry Barbadillo, FPPC Case No. 15/248, is hereby accepted as the final decision and order of		
23	the Fair Political Practices Commission, effective upon execution below by the Chair.		
24	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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26	Dated:		
27	Joann Remke, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission		
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	STIPULATION, DECISION AND ORDER FPPC Case No. 15/248		