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5	Attorneys for Complainant		
6 7	Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission		
8			
9	BEFORE THE FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMMISSION		
10	STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
11			
12	In the Matter of:	FPPC No. 17/274	
13	JANET McCLEAN FOR SMUSD SCHOOL BOARD 2012 and JANET McCLEAN,	STIPULATION, DECISION, AND ORDER	
14 15 16	Respondents.		
17	INTRODUCTION		
18	Respondent Janet McClean ("McClean") was re-elected onto the San Marcos Unified Schoo		
19	District Governing Board (the "SMUSD Board") in the November 8, 2016 election and continues to serve		
20	on the SMUSD Board. Respondent Janet McClean for SMUSD School Board 2012 (the "Committee")		
21	was her candidate-controlled committee, and McClean was the Committee's treasurer. Respondents		
22	violated the Political Reform Act (the "Act"), by failing to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement.		
23	SUMMARY OF THE LAW		
24	The violations in this case occurred in 2017, and all legal references and discussions of law pertain		
25	to the Act's provisions as they existed at that time.		
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27 28	¹ The Political Reform Act is contained in Government Code sections 81000 through 91014, and all statutory references are to this code. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations, and all regulatory references are to this source.		

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Need for Liberal Construction and Vigorous Enforcement of the Act

When enacting the Act, the people of California found and declared that previous laws regulating political practices suffered from inadequate enforcement by state and local authorities.² Thus, it was decreed that the Act "should be liberally construed to accomplish its purposes." One purpose of the Act is to promote transparency by ensuring that receipts and expenditures in election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed so that voters are fully informed and improper practices are inhibited.⁴ Another purpose of the Act is to provide adequate enforcement mechanisms so that the Act will be "vigorously enforced."

Committees

Prior to 2013, a committee qualified as a "recipient committee" when it received one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more in contributions in a single calendar year.⁶ A committee is a "controlled committee" when it is controlled directly by or indirectly by a candidate.⁷

Semi-Annual Campaign Statements

A controlled committee must file two semi-annual campaign statements each year no later than July 31 for the period ending June 30 and no later than January 31 for the period ending December 31.8 Joint and Several Liability

It is the duty of a committee treasurer and the candidate to ensure that the committee complies with the Act.⁹ A treasurer and candidate may be held jointly and severally liable, along with the committee, for violations committed by the committee.¹⁰

SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

The Committee filed a statement of organization on October 4, 2012 and indicated that it qualified as a committee on October 1, 2012. The Committee remained open in 2016 when McClean placed her name on the November 8, 2016 ballot for re-election to the SMUSD Board.

² Section 81001, subd. (h).

³ Section 81003.

⁴ Section 81002, subd. (a).

⁵ Section 81002, subd. (f).

⁶ Former section 82013, subd. (a).

⁷ Section 82016, subd. (a).

⁸ Section 84200, subd. (a).

⁹ Sections 81004, 84100, and 84104; Regulation 18427.

¹⁰ Sections 83116.5 and 91006.

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¹¹ Regulation 18361.5, subd. (d).

The Committee and McClean filed pre-election campaign statements prior to the election. They filed a pre-election campaign statement for the reporting period covering July 1, 2016 through September 24, 2016 on October 3, 2016. They reported that the Committee did not have any campaign activity. The Committee and McClean also filed a pre-election campaign statement for the reporting period covering September 25, 2016 through October 22, 2016 on October 31, 2016. They again reported that the Committee did not have any campaign activity.

Then, the Committee and McClean failed to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement for the reporting period covering October 23, 2016 through December 31, 2016 by January 31, 2017. It was not until August 1, 2019, around 30 months after the semi-annual campaign statement was due, that McClean terminated the Committee as of November 9, 2016. Since the Committee remained open in 2016 while McClean campaigned for re-election, the Committee was required to continue filing campaign statements. In the 30 months between the 2016 election and when McClean terminated the Committee, the public remained uninformed about the Committee's activities, or the lack thereof.

VIOLATION

Count 1: Failure to Timely a Semi-Annual Campaign Statement

The Committee and McClean failed to timely file one semi-annual campaign statement for the reporting period of October 23, 2016 through December 31, 2016, in violation of Government Code section 84200.

PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of one count. The maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000 per count.

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Commission considers the facts of the case, the public harm involved, and the purpose of the Act. Also, the Commission considers factors such as: (a) the seriousness of the violation; (b) the presence or absence of any intention to conceal, deceive, or mislead; (c) whether the violation was deliberate, negligent, or inadvertent; (d) whether the violation was isolated or part of a pattern; (e) whether corrective amendments voluntarily were filed to provide full disclosure; and (f) whether the violator has a prior record of violations.11

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This violation resulted in a lack of transparency for the public into McClean's campaign, but there is no evidence of an intention to conceal, deceive, or mislead the public. The violation seems to have been negligent, but the Committee and McClean have exhibited a pattern of failing to timely file campaign statements since the Commission had approved a stipulated agreement in 2016 against the Committee and McClean for failing to timely file a late contribution report and failing to timely file five semi-annual campaign statements. In mitigation, the Committee and McClean voluntarily terminated the Committee after receiving contact from the Enforcement Division.

The Commission also considers penalties in prior cases with comparable violations. Recent cases with a similar violation include the following:

Count 1

In the Matter of Jim Kelly and Jim Kelly for Grossmont Union High School Board 2014; FPPC No. 15/274. (The Commission approved a stipulated agreement on July 21, 2016.) Kelly was re-elected into office in November 2014. He and his committee filed the semi-annual campaign statement for the reporting period covering October 19, 2014 through December 31, 2014 three months late and reported minimal campaign activity. Kelly terminated his committee soon after. He and his committee had prior enforcement history for failing to timely file a semi-annual campaign statement. The Commission approved a penalty of \$1,000 for this violation.

Like *Kelly*, McClean was re-elected into office and failed to timely file the post-election semi-annual campaign statement. Similarly, McClean and the Committee reported minimal campaign activity when they eventually filed the delinquent semi-annual campaign statement and also terminated the Committee. McClean and the Committee also have prior enforcement history for the same violation. Due to these similarities between *Kelly* and this case, a penalty of \$1,000 is recommended.

CONCLUSION

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondents Janet McClean for SMUSD School Board 2012 and Janet McClean hereby agree as follows:

1. Respondents violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.

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- 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting—or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.
- 3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter—for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of the Respondents pursuant to Section 83116.
- 4. The Respondents understand, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive, any and all procedural rights set forth in Sections 83115.5, 11503, 11523, and Regulations 18361.1 through 18361.9. This includes, but is not limited to the right to appear personally at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to be represented by an attorney at the Respondents' own expense, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoena witnesses to testify at the hearing, to have an impartial administrative law judge preside over the hearing as a hearing officer, and to have the matter judicially reviewed.
- 5. The Respondents agree to the issuance of the decision and order set forth below. Also, the Respondents agree to the Commission imposing against it an administrative penalty in the amount of \$1,000. One or more cashier's checks or money orders totaling said amount—to be paid to the General Fund of the State of California—is/are submitted with this stipulation as full payment of the administrative penalty described above, and same shall be held by the State of California until the Commission issues its decision and order regarding the matter.
- 6. If the Commission declines to approve this stipulation—then this stipulation shall become null and void, and within fifteen business days after the Commission meeting at which the stipulation is rejected, all payments tendered by the Respondents in connection with this stipulation shall be reimbursed to the Respondents. If this stipulation is not approved by the Commission, and if a full evidentiary hearing before the Commission becomes necessary, neither any member of the Commission, nor the Executive Director, shall be disqualified because of prior consideration of this Stipulation.

1	7. The parties to this agreement may execute their respective signature pages separately. A		
2	copy of any party's executed signature page including a hardcopy of a signature page transmitted via fax		
3	or as a PDF email attachment is as effective and binding as the original.		
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6	Dated:		
7	Galena West, Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission		
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9	Dated:		
10	Janet McClean, individually and on behalf of Janet		
11	McClean for SMUSD School Board 2012		
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13	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of Janet McClean for SMUSD School Board 2012		
14	and Janet McClean," FPPC No. 17/274, is hereby accepted as the final decision and order of the Fair		
15	Political Practices Commission, effective upon execution below by the Chair.		
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17	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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19	Dated:		
20	Richard C. Miadich, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission		
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