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SUMMARY OF THE LAW

The violations in this case occurred in 2018. For this reason, all legal references and discussions of law pertain to the Act's provisions as they existed at that time.

Need for Liberal Construction and Vigorous Enforcement of the Political Reform Act

When enacting the Act, the people of California found and declared that previous laws regulating political practices suffered from inadequate enforcement by state and local authorities.² Thus, it was decreed the Act "should be liberally construed to accomplish its purposes.³

A central purpose of the Act is to promote transparency by ensuring that receipts and expenditures in election campaigns are fully and truthfully disclosed so that voters are fully informed and improper practices are inhibited.⁴ Another purpose of the Act is to provide adequate enforcement mechanisms so that the Act will be "vigorously enforced."⁵

24-Hour Contribution Reports

A "late contribution" is a contribution that totals in the aggregate \$1,000 or more and is made to or received by a candidate, a controlled committee, or a committee formed or existing primarily to support or oppose a candidate or measure during the 90-day period preceding the date of the election, or on the date of the election, at which the candidate or measure is to be voted on.⁶ Each committee that makes or receives a late contribution shall report the late contribution within 24 hours of the time it is made or received.⁷

Joint and Several Liability of Committee, Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer, and Principal Officer

It is the duty of a committee treasurer to ensure the committee complies with the Act.⁸ A treasurer and principal officer may be held jointly and severally liable, along with the committee, for violations committed by the committee.⁹ With respect to statements signed by the assistant treasurer, the

⁸¹⁰⁰⁰ through 91014. All statutory references are to this code. The regulations of the Fair Political Practices Commission are contained in Sections 18110 through 18997 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. All regulatory references are to this source.

² Section 81001, subdivision (h).

³ Section 81003.

⁴ Section 81002, subdivision (a).

⁵ Section 81002, subdivision (f).

⁶ Section 82036, subdivision (a).

⁷ Section 84203, subdivisions (a)-(b).

⁸ Sections 81004, 84100, and Regulation 18427.

⁹ Sections 83116.5 and 91006.

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treasurer and assistant treasurer shall be jointly and severally liable for any violations for which the Act would otherwise hold the treasurer liable.¹⁰

SUMMARY OF THE FACTS

According to the Committee's campaign statements, the Committee qualified as a committee on September 14, 2018 and raised approximately \$26,500 in contributions and spent approximately \$26,500 in expenditures between July 1, 2018 and June 30, 2020. The Committee terminated as of June 30, 2020.

The 90-day period preceding the November 6, 2018 General Election began on August 8, 2018. The Committee's campaign statements reported late contributions received that required 24-hour contribution reports as follows:

DATE RECEIVED	CONTRIBUTOR	AMOUNT	DUE DATE
09/11/2018	Stonecreek Properties, LLC	\$1,000	09/12/2018
09/21/2018	Pacific Advisory Coalition PAC	\$5,000	09/24/2018
09/27/2018	Sutter Valley Hospitals	\$1,000	09/28/2018
10/01/2018	Stonecreek Properties, LLC	\$1,000	10/02/2018
10/11/2018	Stonefield Homes, Inc.	\$15,000	10/12/2018
10/29/2018	Brekke Real Estate Inc.	\$1,000	10/30/2018
10/29/2018	PG&E Corporation	\$1,000	10/30/2018
	TOTAL:	\$25,000	

The Committee failed to timely file 24-hour contribution reports for the seven late contributions received totaling \$25,000 discussed above. Although, five of these late contributions totaling \$23,000 were reported on pre-election campaign statements filed prior to the election.

VIOLATIONS

Count 1: Failure to Timely File 24-Hour Contribution Reports

The Committee, Geary, and Hurley failed to timely file 24-hour contribution reports for seven late contributions received totaling \$25,000 by the September 12, 2018, September 24, 2018, September 28, 2018, October 2, 2018, October 12, 2018, and October 30, 2018 due dates, in violation of Government Code Section 84203.

¹⁰ Regulation 18426.1.

PROPOSED PENALTY

This matter consists of one count. The maximum penalty that may be imposed is \$5,000 per count. Thus, the maximum penalty that may be imposed here is \$5,000.¹¹

In determining the appropriate penalty for a particular violation of the Act, the Enforcement Division considers the typical treatment of a violation in the overall statutory scheme of the Act, with an emphasis on serving the purposes and intent of the Act. Additionally, the Enforcement Division considers the facts and circumstances of the violation in the context of the following factors set forth in Regulation 18361.5 subdivision (e)(1) through (8): (1) The extent and gravity of the public harm caused by the specific violation; (2) The level of experience of the violator with the requirements of the Political Reform Act; (3) Penalties previously imposed by the Commission in comparable cases; (4) The presence or absence of any intention to conceal, deceive or mislead; (5) Whether the violation was deliberate, negligent or inadvertent; (6) Whether the violator demonstrated good faith by consulting the Commission staff or any other governmental agency in a manner not constituting complete defense under Government Code Section 83114(b); (7) Whether the violation was isolated or part of a pattern and whether the violator has a prior record of violations of the Political Reform Act or similar laws; and (8) Whether the violator, upon learning of a reporting violation, voluntarily filed amendments to provide full disclosure.¹²

The public harm inherent in campaign reporting violations is that the public is deprived of important, time-sensitive information regarding campaign activity. Here, aside from two late contributions received totaling \$2,000, the Committee's campaign activity that was required to be reported prior to the election was reported on pre-election campaign statements filed prior to the election.

In this case, there is no evidence to support an intent to conceal, deceive or mislead the public as to the Committee's activity. The violations appear to be inadvertent as Geary and Hurley are first-time treasurers with no prior campaign experience and Brizzee is a first-time principal officer with no prior

¹¹ Section 83116, subdivision (c).

¹² Regulation 18361.5, subdivision (e).

campaign experience. Also, the Committee, Geary, Hurley, and Brizzee do not have prior enforcement history.

The Commission considers penalties in prior cases with the same or similar violations and comparable facts.

In the Matter of Friends of Action-Agua Dulce Schools Yes on Measure "CK" Committee, Lee Jennings, and Christine Johnson; FPPC Case No. 18/1270. Respondents, a primarily formed ballot measure committee, its treasurer and principal officer, failed to timely file 24-hour contribution reports for six late contributions received totaling \$9,000. These late contributions amount to approximately 85% of the total contributions received by the committee. In mitigation, all but one late contribution received totaling \$1,000 were disclosed prior to the election on pre-election campaign statements.

Measure CK failed with 57.99% of the votes against its passage. Throughout 2018, the committee reported \$10,600 in contributions and \$7,488 in expenditures. In aggravation, the committee failed to timely file a pre-election campaign statement (8 days late) and two semi-annual campaign statements (38 to 41 days late). Since the pre-election campaign statement was filed prior to the election and the two semi-annual campaign statements showed minimal campaign activity, these violations were not charged separately. On August 20, 2020, the Commission approved a penalty of \$2,000 for this count.

A higher penalty than that approved in *Friends of Action-Agua Dulce Schools* is recommended. Here, the Committee failed to timely file 24-hour contribution reports for seven late contributions received totaling \$25,000. These late contributions amount to approximately 94% of the total contributions received by the committee. In mitigation, all but two late contributions received totaling \$2,000 were disclosed prior to the election on pre-election campaign statements. Measure H was successful receiving 66.64% of the votes. Throughout its existence, the Committee reported approximately \$26,500 in contributions and \$26,500 in expenditures.

In aggravation, the Committee failed to timely file a pre-election campaign statement (6 days late) and three semi-annual campaign statements (4 to 272 days late). Similar to *Friends of Action-Agua Dulce Schools*, since the pre-election campaign statement was filed prior to the election and two of the late-filed semi-annual campaign statements showed minimal campaign activity, these violations are not being charged separately. However, one of the late-filed semi-annual campaign statements reported

\$2,000 in contributions and \$12,123 in expenditures. A higher penalty is justified here because of the late contributions and semi-annual campaign statements at issue.

Under these circumstances, it is respectfully submitted that imposition of an agreed upon penalty in the amount of \$3,000 is justified.

CONCLUSION

Complainant, the Enforcement Division of the Fair Political Practices Commission, and Respondents, Friends of Los Banos - Yes on H, Brenda Geary, Mason Hurley, and Gary Brizzee, hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Respondents violated the Act as described in the foregoing pages, which are a true and accurate summary of the facts in this matter.
- 2. This stipulation will be submitted for consideration by the Fair Political Practices Commission at its next regularly scheduled meeting or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard.
- 3. This stipulation resolves all factual and legal issues raised in this matter for the purpose of reaching a final disposition without the necessity of holding an administrative hearing to determine the liability of Respondents pursuant to Section 83116.
- 4. Respondents understand, and hereby knowingly and voluntarily waive, any and all procedural rights set forth in Sections 83115.5, 11503, 11523, and Regulations 18361.1 through 18361.9. This includes, but is not limited to the right to appear personally at any administrative hearing held in this matter, to be represented by an attorney at Respondents' own expense, to confront and cross-examine all witnesses testifying at the hearing, to subpoena witnesses to testify at the hearing, to have an impartial administrative law judge preside over the hearing as a hearing officer, and to have the matter judicially reviewed.
- 5. Respondents agree to the issuance of the decision and orders set forth below. Also, Respondents agree to the Commission imposing against them an administrative penalty in the amount of \$3,000. One or more cashier's checks or money orders totaling said amount to be paid to the General Fund of the State of California is/are submitted with this stipulation as full payment of the administrative penalty described above, and same shall be held by the State of California until the Commission issues its decision and order regarding this matter.

1	6. If the Commission refuses to approve	this stipulation – then this stipulation shall become		
2	null and void, and within fifteen business days after the Commission meeting at which the			
3	stipulation is rejected, all payments tendered by Respondents in connection with this stipulation			
4	shall be reimbursed to Respondents. If this stipulation is not approved by the Commission, and if			
5	a full evidentiary hearing before the Commission becomes necessary, neither any member of the			
6	Commission, nor the Executive Director, shall be disqualified because of prior consideration of			
7	this stipulation.			
8	7. The parties to this agreement may execute their respective signature pages separately. A			
9	copy of any party's executed signature page, including a hardcopy of a signature page			
10	transmitted via fax or as a PDF email attachment, is as effective and binding as the original.			
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12	Dated:			
13	F	Angela J. Brereton, Chief of Enforcement Fair Political Practices Commission		
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16	Dated:			
17		Brenda Geary, individually and on behalf of Friends of Los Banos - Yes on H, Respondents		
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20	Dated:			
21		Mason Hurley, individually and on behalf of Friends of Los Banos - Yes on H, Respondents		
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24	Dated:			
25		Gary Brizzee, individually and on behalf of Friends of Los Banos - Yes on H, Respondents		
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1	The foregoing stipulation of the parties "In the Matter of Friends of Los Banos - Yes on H,		
2	Brenda Geary, Mason Hurley, and Gary Brizzee," FPPC Case No. 18/991, is hereby accepted as the		
3	final decision and order of the Fair Political Practices Commission, effective upon execution by the		
4	Chair.		
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6	IT IS SO ORDERED.		
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8	Dated:		
9	Richard C. Miadich, Chair Fair Political Practices Commission		
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