

A-78-04-007

April 20, 1978

Mr. Peter Hanauer, Treasurer
California Group Against Smoking Pollution
P.O. Box 1061
Berkeley, California 94701

Dear Mr. Hanauer:

This letter is in response to our telephone conversation on April 12, 1978 regarding the status for filing campaign statements of the California Group Against Smoking Pollution (GASP). The specific issue presented is whether GASP is a committee that receives contributions as defined in Government Code Section 82013(a). GASP has been filing as a committee as defined in Government Code Section 82013(c) because it has made expenditures in excess of \$5,000 in support of the Clean Indoor Air Act. The resolution of this issue will determine which campaign statement forms GASP must file and what information must be disclosed.

My understanding of the facts regarding the operation of GASP is as follows:

- GASP is an ongoing membership organization created approximately two years ago to protect the rights of non-smokers.
- A great majority of GASP's members pay dues of \$10 - \$15 per year.
- GASP helped establish the Clean Indoor Air Committee the primary committee supporting the Clean Indoor Air Act, an initiative measure that will appear on the November 1978 ballot.
- Except for contributions to and expenditures at the behest of the Clean Indoor Air Committee, GASP has no prior history of making campaign contributions.
- GASP has not mentioned the Clean Indoor Air Act on its membership forms or on literature sent to prospective members.

April 20, 1978

78007

"Contribution" is defined in Government Code Section 82015 as "... a payment ... except to the extent full and adequate consideration is received unless it is clear from the surrounding circumstances that it is not made for political purposes..."

The Fair Political Practices Commission has adopted an administrative regulation, 2 Cal Adm. Code Section 18215, to clarify the definition of contribution. Subsection (d) of this regulation states in part:

... "contribution" includes any monetary or non-monetary payment ... that is received by any person or organization other than a candidate, controlled committee, official committee of a political party, or organization formed or existing primarily for political purposes if the payment is "earmarked" for the making of contributions or expenditures. A payment is "earmarked" when, at the time of making the payment, the donor knows or has reason to know that the payment or the funds with which the funds will be commingled will be used to make contributions ... factors relevant to a determination that the donor has reason to know ... include but are not limited to the established practice of the person or organization with respect to expenditures and contributions and any representations made when the payment is solicited.

In accordance with this regulation, the staff has determined, based on our understanding of the facts as outlined above, that GASP is not receiving "contributions" as defined in Government Code Section 82015, from its members at the present time. This determination is based on the fact that GASP has no established practice with respect to expenditures and contributions and no representations have been made by GASP that a portion of the dues will be used to make contributions or expenditures. Therefore, if GASP does not change the manner in which it solicits members, a portion of each member's dues will not represent contributions at any time prior to the November 1978 election. Accordingly, GASP is considered a "major donor" committee, as defined in Government Code Section 82013(c), and must continue to file Form 461 on the dates required and disclose all expenditures and contributions made for political purposes.

If, however, GASP does change its method of membership solicitation so that new members are informed that a portion of their dues will be used to make contributions or expenditures (for the initiative or other political purposes), then a portion of each member's dues will represent reportable contributions for a political purpose to GASP. In addition, if GASP continues to make contributions or expenditures after the November 1978 election then GASP

April 20, 1978

75007

will have an established practice with respect to making contributions and expenditures and, again, a portion of each member's dues to GASP will represent reportable contributions solicited for a political purpose.

In the event that GASP does start receiving contributions for political purposes from its members, as described above, then GASP must file a Statement of Organization (Form 410) with the Secretary of State within ten days of its receipt of \$500 in reportable contributions. GASP would then be considered a "recipient committee", as defined in Government Code Section 82013(a), and must file either Form 420 or 450, as appropriate, and disclose a portion of each member's dues as contributions received for a political purpose and disclose all expenditures and contributions made.

If I can be of further assistance, do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Alan Herndon
Compliance Representative

AH:bw

cc: Dick Bryant
L.A. County Registrar-Recorder's Office

Secretary of State's Office



EXPENDITURE AND MAJOR DONOR COMMITTEE CAMPAIGN STATEMENT

(Government Code Section 84200-84216)

74007

RECEIVED AND FILED
Office of the Secretary of State of California
MAR 15 1978
MAJOR DONOR USE ONLY
A OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Secretary of State

For use by: (1) persons who have made expenditures or contributions totaling \$5,000 or more in a calendar year directly to or at the benefit of a candidate, officeholder or committee; or, (2) persons who have made independent expenditures on behalf of a candidate, officeholder or ballot measure in the amount of \$500 or more.

(Type or Print in Ink)

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

Organization: California Group Against Smoking Pollution
Permanent Address: NO. AND STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE PHONE NO.
P.O. Box 1061, Berkeley, CA. 94701 (1932 McGee Ave., Berkeley, CA. 94703) 415 849-1794

Name of Treasurer: Ter Hanauer
Permanent Address of Treasurer: NO. AND STREET CITY STATE ZIP CODE AREA CODE PHONE NO.
Forest Lane, Berkeley, CA. 94708 415 527-5227

Type of Election (Circle one if applicable): Primary General Special Recall
CIRCLE IF APPLICABLE: semi-annual campaign statement
DATE OF ELECTION (MO. DAY YR.):
TOTAL PAGES:

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE OR CONTRIBUTION MADE	NAME OF CANDIDATE & OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE & BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER		AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
			Check One			
			Support	Oppose		
	Amphlett Printing Co. 1080 S. Amphlett Blvd. San Mateo, CA. 94402	Advertising	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	121.67	
	Robert Bailey 1640 University Ave. Berkeley, CA. 94703	Rent	"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	550.00	
	The Bee Hive Printing 861 W. San Bruno Ave. San Bruno, CA. 94066	Printing	"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	64.00	
	C & I Photography 3523 Ryder St. Santa Clara, CA. 95051	Publicity	"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	109.17	
	Clean Indoor Air Committee 1932 McGee Ave. Berkeley, CA. 94703	Contribution	"	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	742.00	
	ID# 771075					

For additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL (Carry with any additional subtotals to Line 1, Part IV) \$ 1586.84

*If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name, address and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---

Information required to be provided to you pursuant to the Information Practices Act of 1977, see "Information Manual on Campaign Disclosure Provisions of Political Reform Act," Section XI.

007

LOANS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF RECIPIENT*	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	CHECK ONE		INTEREST RATE	AMOUNT OF LOAN THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
		Support	Oppose			
Clean Indoor Air Committee 32 McGee Ave. Berkeley, CA, 94703 94703	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure	x			5125.00	
additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets. SUBTOTAL (Carry with additional subtotals to Line 3, Part IV) \$ 5125.00						

*If the loan was made to a committee, list the committee's name, address and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

LOANS REPAYED BY: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

FULL NAME AND ADDRESS OF DEBTOR PLUS PERSON WHO REPAYED THE LOAN IF DIFFERENT. (If the loan was made to a committee, list the committee's name, address and I.D. Number. If the committee does not have an I.D. Number list the treasurer's full name and street address.)	AMOUNT REPAYED THIS PERIOD	UNPAID BALANCE
additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets. SUBTOTAL (Carry with additional subtotals to Line 5, Part IV) \$		

SUMMARY

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE THIS PERIOD (Part I) INCLUDE ALL SUBTOTALS	\$ 7848.73
EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS UNDER \$50 MADE THIS PERIOD (Not Itemized).	281.42
LOANS MADE THIS PERIOD (Part II) INCLUDE ALL SUBTOTALS	5125.00
TOTAL (Line 1 + 2 + 3)	13255.15
LOANS REPAYED THIS PERIOD (Part III) INCLUDE ALL SUBTOTALS.	- -
NET EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE THIS PERIOD (Line 4-5, this can be a negative amount)	13255.15
CUMULATIVE EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE FROM PRIOR PERIOD	- -
CUMULATIVE EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO DATE (Line 6 + 7).	\$ 13255.15

VERIFICATION

I have not received any contributions during this calendar year.

I declare under penalty of perjury that this campaign statement is true, correct and complete and that I have used all reasonable diligence in its preparation.

Executed on March 12, 1978 at Berkeley CA by Peter Hanauer
(DATE) (CITY AND STATE) (SIGNATURE OF COMMITTEE TREASURER OR INDIVIDUAL DONOR)



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84214)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

RECEIVED AND FILED
in the office of the Secretary of State
of the State of California
MAR 15 1978
MARCH FONG EU, Secretary of State

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

-a

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

NAME OF COMMITTEE A

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

CHECK ONE LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	Consumers Distributing 210 Golf Club Rd. Pleasant Hill, CA.	Supplies	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	61.70	
	Wayne B. Kling, Intermediary 1445-B Bel Air Dr. Concord, CA. 94521	(\$61.70)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Ho Sale Enterprises 210 S. First St., Suite 204 San Jose, CA. 95103	Supplies	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	447.24	
	Richard De John, Intermediary 571 Colorado Ave. Palo Alto, CA. 94306	(\$90.00)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Tam Lee, Intermediary 674 Gail Ave. #64 Sunnyvale, CA. 94086	(\$272.24)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Instant Print King 704 Torrance Blvd. Redondo Beach, CA. 90277	Printing	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	406.74	

For each additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 915.68

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84201)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

007

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-b

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

B

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	Frank Wiswell, Intermediary 948 S. Fir #4 Inglewood, CA. 90301	(\$100.00)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Morris Wodnicki, Intermediary 113 S. Irena Ave. Redondo Beach, CA. 90277	(\$306.74)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	J.C. Paper Co. 8450 Enterprise Way Oakland, CA.	Supplies	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	53.77	
	Tan Lee 674 Gail Ave. #G4 Sunnyvale, CA. 94086	Tele-Mate Rental	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	50.00	
	Pacific Southwest Airlines P.O. Box 81185 San Diego, CA. 92139	Shipping and Travel	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	198.25	
	Bennett Arnberger, Intermediary 52 Oakwood Orinda, CA. 94563	(\$51.00)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

(Continued)

Check additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 302.02

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 485 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM
(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84214)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

607

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-c

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

B

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	Harriet Brooks, Intermediary 2350 Rosita Ave. Santa Clara, CA. 95050	(\$51.90)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	James R. White, Intermediary 3552 Wellesley Ave. San Diego, CA. 92122	(\$88.00)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Remainder paid through intermediaries receiving less than \$50 each.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Co. 140 New Montgomery San Francisco, CA.	Telephone service	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	661.17	
	James R. Smith, Intermediary 1185 Sterling Ave. Berkeley, CA 94708	(\$325.39)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Barbara Vester, Intermediary 6641 W. 33rd St. Los Angeles, CA. 90045 (Continued)	(\$54.42)	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 661.17

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84211)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

001

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-d

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

B

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	\$100.95 paid through intermediaries receiving less than \$50 each.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Siemons Mailing Service Inc. 742 Bancroft Way Berkeley, CA. 94710	Labels	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	95.54	
	James R. Smith 1185 Sterling Ave. Berkeley, CA. 94708	Personal services; travel	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	2404.20	
	Star Free Press 567 E. Santa Clara Ventura, CA. 93001	Advertising	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	127.60	
	Sullivan's Sport Shop 5323 Geary Blvd. San Francisco, CA.	Supplies	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	90.63	
	Bruce John Shourt, Intermediary (\$90.63) 62 Miramar St. San Francisco, CA. 94112		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 2717.97

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84201)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

007

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-e

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

B

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

IDENTICAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	U.S. Post Office	Postage; P.O. box rental	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	1276.45	
	Bruce John Shourt, Intermediary (\$141.60) 62 Miramar St. San Francisco, CA. 94112	*	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Frank Wiswell, Intermediary (\$366.89) 948 S. Fir #4 Inglewood, CA. 90301		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	\$84.39 paid through intermediaries receiving less than \$50 each.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
			<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
			<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 1276.45

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM

(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84299)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

007

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-f

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.) B

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	Harriet Brooks 2350 Rosita Ave. Santa Clara, CA. 95050	Supplies	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	38.51	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.	received for under vendors list.	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Richard De John 571 Colorado Ave. Palo Alto, CA. 94306	Postage; video tape; art work; publicity	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	75.99	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.	received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Wayne B. Kling 1445-B Bel Air Dr. Concord, CA. 94521	Supplies	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	7.42	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.	received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.	<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

For each additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 121.92

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---



Form 461

COMMITTEE - SHORT FORM
(GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 84200-84214)

This form should be completed only by persons who made expenditures of \$500 or more, other than contributions of cash or cash equivalents made directly to candidates or committees, and by major donors who, in addition to making contributions of \$5000 or more in a calendar year, made expenditures in behalf of candidates or committees. Persons who received contributions must complete Form 420.

001

Statement covers period 3/1/77 through 3/10/78

1-g (last page of Part I)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

California Group Against Smoking Pollution

A

NAME OF COMMITTEE

B

ADDRESS OF COMMITTEE (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

NAME OF TREASURER

RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE) (AREA CODE) (PHONE NO.)

BUSINESS ADDRESS OF TREASURER (NO. AND STREET) (CITY) (STATE) (ZIP CODE)

LINE 1 LINE 2 LINE 3

CHECK APPLICABLE BOX FOR MAILING ADDRESS DATE OF ELECTION (MO., DAY, YR.) TYPE OF ELECTION (PRIMARY, GENERAL, SPECIAL)

EXPENDITURES AND CONTRIBUTIONS MADE TO: (Amounts may be rounded off to whole dollars)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	FULL NAME AND ADDRESS*	DESCRIPTION OF EXPENDITURE	NAME OF CANDIDATE AND OFFICE OR NAME OF BALLOT MEASURE AND BALLOT NUMBER OR LETTER	AMOUNT THIS PERIOD	CUMULATIVE AMOUNT
	Tam Lee 674 Gail Ave. #G4 Sunnyvale, CA. 94086	Supplies	Clean Indoor Air Act - Initiative Measure <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	4.60	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Bruce John Shourt 62 Miramar St. San Francisco, CA. 94112	Supplies; storage; parking; copies	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	160.02	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		
	Frank Wiswell 948 S. Fir #4 Inglewood, CA. 90301	Copies; negatives; supplies	" <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose	102.06	
	Paid to vendors all of whom received less than \$50 each. Remainder of payments to payee accounted for under vendors list.		<input type="checkbox"/> Support <input type="checkbox"/> Oppose		

Attach additional information on appropriately labeled continuation sheets.

SUBTOTAL \$ 266.68

If the expenditure was made to a committee, list the committee's name and I.D. Number (or the full name and street address of the treasurer).

YOU MUST COMPLETE THE SUMMARY AND VERIFICATION ON PAGE 2

OFFICIAL USE ONLY	C	D	E	F
-------------------	---	---	---	---

\$1000 CLUB

What's \$1 million? 1000 x \$1000, that's all. We need only 1000 people to give \$1000 each and we can raise \$1 million for the Clean Indoor Air Campaign. Even fewer are needed if we get larger contributions. The tobacco industry has unlimited money (one company has just spent \$50 million advertising REAL cigarettes), but we have the evidence, the support, the potential. One million dollars should suffice.

Sandy Young and Tim Hodler have devoted lots of time, labor and money to this movement already but they feel this is the time to give a little bit more. They have donated the first \$1000 in an effort to get this idea moving.

Let's all pitch in.... smoke-free air is just a breath away. Send your donations payable to the Clean Indoor Air Committee, P. O. Box 1061, Berkeley, CA 94701.

SIERRA FEST

The Clean Indoor Air Committee and California G.A.S.P. will have an information booth at the SIERRA FEST (sponsored by the Sierra Club - Bay Chapter)

When: Saturday, April 29, 1978
 Where: Pier 2, Fort Mason, San Francisco
 Time: 10 a.m. - 6 p.m.
 Admission for adults: \$1.00
 SENIOR CITIZENS AND THE HANDICAPPED: \$.50
 Children under 12 free when accompanied by an adult

This plant outdoor and conservation festival will feature continuous travel film and slide shows, juggling, magicisms, mime, comedy, musicians, equipment songs and displays, white elephant sale, California native plant and flower display, crafts, auctions, nature walks, valuable floor pieces every heart-pumped event pale for all ages.

FORTY ANTI-SMOKING STICKERS \$1.00

EACH 1" by 2" OR LARGER
 Great Publicity! Each sticker gets your message across 10 times better than a button. 15 different slogans. Fast buy in the U.S. Push \$1.00 to Vantage, 315-P Hugo St., San Francisco, 94122

STOP NO SMOKING IN PUBLIC PLACES
PULMONARY SMOKING IS RAPE. NO SMOKING IN PUBLIC IS VIOLENCE

BALLOONS, BUTTONS, BOOKS

California GASP has tremendous buys for everyone. See the order form on page 10. T-shirts are on sale to members this month for only \$5.00. 5% up now on all materials - pens, pencils, fans, T-shirts, they are great for Mothers' Day, Fathers' Day, Birthdays, Anniversaries, Christmas or an extra gift for someone extra special.

GROUP AGAINST SMOKING POLLUTION
 P. O. Box 1061
 Berkeley, CA 94701

Fate Political Practices Commission R
 P.O. BOX 897
 Sacramento, CA 95804

DATED MATERIAL

Address Correction Requested



RESUSCITATOR

VOLUME 7 NUMBER 2 MARCH-APRIL 1978

IT'S OFFICIAL! We're on the ballot

The Clean Indoor Air Act of 1978 has qualified a special thanks to everyone for their efforts.

The next step, passage of the bill in November, has already begun. The American Cancer Society and the Sierra Club have joined with California G.A.S.P. and Californians for Clean Indoor Air in our efforts to return the right to breathe smoke-free indoor air to nonsmokers.

The new Clean Indoor Air Steering Committee is now composed of four representatives from California G.A.S.P. (Roger Diamond, Chairperson; Paul Lowndes, Campaign Director; Peter Hanner, Treasurer; and Frank Wessell), one from Californians for Clean Indoor Air (Eddie Tabash), two from the Sierra Club (Bob Nuttmoller and Bob Salt), two from the Cancer Society (Allan K. Jones and Raymond Weisberg, M.D.), and James R. White, Ph.D., a physiologist at U. C. San Diego. The California Lung Association, the California Heart Association and the California P.T.A. are also being asked to join the coalition. If you can, urge these organizations to lend their support.

The Campaign Support Committee has expanded tremendously and the members are listed below. There will probably be 20 more by the time you read this.

Other Committees are being established in support of the Proposition. Tim Hodler is organizing the Scientists' Committee and the Athletes Committee. If you have any contacts with scientists, athletes or sportscasters, please contact Tim at the G.A.S.P. office (415-849-1794) and help him organize these support committees.



(From left):
 Frank Wessell, Southern California Coord.
 Wally Sklorfak, Californians for Clean Indoor Air
 Morris Wodnicki, Varina-Airport GASP
 Bob Libby, Californians for Clean Indoor Air

Jay Smith, who has been maintained as a full-time employee, is organizing the Restaurateurs' Committee, the Business Leaders Committee and the Senior Citizens Committee. Endorsement by the Gray Panthers would be very helpful. If you can assist Jay with any of these committees, please call him at (415) 849-1794 or (415) 548-1993 or write him at the G.A.S.P. address. (Does anyone know anything about groups,)

Continued on page 11

BD

DEPT. OF DEFENSE

The Department of Defense has come out with a new policy on smoking that is as good as a 100 megaton bomb for the Nonsmokers Rights Movement.

The policy was adopted November 18, 1977 and published as DODI 6015.18, "Smoking in DOD Occupied Buildings and Facilities." The bulletin is being presented in brochure form by the GASP Legal Fund and will be of great use to those working in the Armed Forces and for all other nonsmokers trying to reattain their right to breathe clean air.

The policy recognizes the right to work in an environment reasonably free of contamination. It recognizes the right to smoke, "provided such action does not endanger life or property, cause discomfort or unreasonable annoyance to nonsmokers, or infringe upon their rights." All military personnel "is solicited to ensure" that these rights are recognized.

The new regulation covers:

- 1) Auditoriums - 100% No-Smoking, post signs, remove ashtrays.
- 2) Eating facilities - 2/3 No-Smoking area based on 2/3 non-smoking customers served.
- 3) Elevators - 100% No Smoking
- 4) Shuttle Vehicles - 100% no smoking
- 5) Medical Care facilities - smoking in staff lounges, private offices and specially designated areas. Smoking permitted in visitor waiting areas only where space and ventilation capacities permit division into smoking and non-smoking sections.
- 6) Conference & classrooms - 100% no smoking
- 7) Work areas- Permitted in private offices. Common work areas "Permitted only if ventilation is adequate to remove smoke from a work area and provide an environment that is healthful."
- 8) Corridors, lobbies and restrooms - except in medical care facilities - 100% smoking allowed

This policy has not been printed by GASP Legal Fund yet but it is in the process. Everyone who sits at work breathing other people's smoke should have a copy to present to their supervisor when they are trying to defend their right to breathe clean air. If the Department of Defense advocates protection of nonsmokers' rights, your employer should be made aware.

The special value of this new policy is the change from the attitude that smoking is allowed everywhere except when a No-Smoking section is provided (and those are only provided in work areas if they don't cost money, break up groups, bother smokers ...) to the attitude that breathing clean air is allowed everywhere except when you find a designated smoking area.

The Resuscitator is published by California Group Against Smoking Pollution, P. O. Box 1061, Berkeley CA 94701. 415-849-1794.

Executive Director . . . Tim Moder
 Editor Sandy Young
 Art Director Earl Anderson



Holy smoke

February 6, 1978

Some fun is being made of HEW Secretary Califano for his crusade against smoking. Few persons, after all, match the zeal of the reformed drunk or the religious convert, and the Secretary is only a few years beyond his kicking of a three-pack-a-day cigaret habit.

Physicians disagree with the Secretary on many things, but they give quiet evidence of support in this matter. Have you noticed the declining number of ash trays in their offices?

So long as a bureaucrat's enthusiasm does not turn into destructive zealotry, it can be a positive thing. Mr. Califano ought to be allowed to preach what he practices.

Incidentally, a Tobacco Institute spokesman says "Nobody has ever died of smoking, except, perhaps, for the occasional drunk who sets a mattress afire."

There is a crusade lurking in there somewhere—for fireproof mattresses.

We can see the bumper stickers now: "Cigaretts don't kill people. Mattresses do."

This is exactly what Senator Gregorio was trying to attain with SB 500 last year. Smoking should be carried on in private or in designated areas while "non-smoking" is the "habit" allowed everywhere. Lieutenant Commander Ivan Mortensen, who visited the GASP office recently, feels that this change will take some time going through military channels, but that as more personnel become aware of the new policy, they will begin to vigorously assert their rediscovered rights to clean air.

Keep your eyes open for the announcement of publication by the GASP Legal Fund. If you want to donate to help get this informational brochure and many other valuable ones printed, please make a tax-deductible donation to GASP Legal Fund, P. O. Box 1061, Berkeley, CA 94701.

KAISER NO-SMOKING POLICY

The Kaiser-Permanente Medical Center in Martinez has come up with a walloping new smoking policy. It cuts that blanket of smoke into microscopic pieces and vacuums them away.

As of November 11, 1977 they have:

- 1) Smoking by patients - only if authorized by physician.
 - a) Allowed in double rooms only when not objectionable to second patient.
 - b) Banned in intensive care (you mean anyone ever thought of smoking in intensive care?). In rooms where oxygen or flammable liquids are present, and in beds unless attended by responsible adult.
- *All patients will be screened upon entering for their choice of smoking or non-smoking rooms.
- 2) Smoking by visitors - banned in all waiting areas and in all patients' rooms. Allowed in the cafeteria and in private offices out of patient view.
- 3) Smoking by Staff - allowed only in private offices out of patient view, cafeteria and in staff lounges "if others present do not object". (Clear recognition of Nonsmokers' Rights.)
- 4) Sale of Cigarettes - No sales allowed.

They have adopted the Clean Indoor Air Act before it becomes law. Let's write a letter of thanks to the Administration for aiding us in stopping involuntary smoking:

Write: Administration
 Kaiser-Permanente Medical Center
 200 Muir Rd.
 Martinez, CA 94553
 415-229-1020

ADVERTISING RATES

- * DISPLAY ADS - \$5 per column inch
- * --Measure your art work - you pay \$5 per column inch of your artwork. The column is 4" wide. Photographic reduction will reduce your ad by 15% in the final copy but you pay per inch of artwork.
- * MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO:
 - * "GASP Educational Foundation" or G.A.S.P."
 - * depending on what newsletter the ad is to appear in. Mail check and ad to:
 - * Advertising Department
 - * P. O. Box 1061
 - * Berkeley, CA 94701

SABOTAGE ?

During the initiative campaign, someone with access to- GASP brochures and Clean Indoor Air initiative petitions was mailing these materials, free of charge in GASP envelopes to a number of companies in the Bay Area. The person was pasting Business Reply Mail Postcards (with First Class return postage permits on them) onto GASP envelopes and making the companies pay the postage. The cards were removed from the magazines, "Industrial Research" and "Research Development". Most of the companies were very angry about it and it took a few letters and phone calls to smooth it all out.

DEAR PERSON, if your intentions were to help us by doing this, please call or write Tim Moder. We would like to explain the repercussions in further detail.

001

POEMS POEMS POEMS

GASP is still soliciting short poems suitable for printing on business-sized cards which could be used for asking people not to smoke in a polite and friendly manner. If (and only if) your poem is selected for printing, you will receive 100 free cards. There is no guarantee that any poems will be printed. Your only guarantee is that your poems will be read and appreciated. There is also a good chance that they will be published in the newsletter. Please send poems to: David Brandt-Erichson, 314 Miramar Ave., Berkeley, CA 94707. Send as many poems as you like.

Many thanks for the poems you have sent so far. Here are some of them:

If I ask you "Please Do Not Smoke"
I do not mean it as a joke.
I value my air
And I wish you would care
To always consider other folk.

Gail Nelson, San Jose

When cigarette smoke I doth smell,
My beleaguered head hurts like hell,
I therefore would appreciate well,
If from smoking you'd refrain for a spell.

Sean Bryn, San Jose

You have a right to smoke;
This no one can deny you,
Unless somebody else is near,
Behind, before, or by you.

We all have need of oxygen;
If we don't breathe, we drop;
But I don't need your smoking weed
To cloud my air. Please stop!

You have a right, you say,
to make the air I'm breathing stink?
I have the selfsame right
to spit in water you must drink.

Neida Dickson, Newhall

What makes his rights greater than mine,
When I go to a restaurant to dine,
And a smoker sits there
And ruins my air
I think he should pay a big fine.

Jean Borgwardt, Simi Valley

"Smoking is cool and looks smart,"
Least that's what they thought at the staff.

But once they were hooked,
'Twas worse than it looked,
And it did awful things to their heart.

Dr. Charles Borgwardt, Simi Valley

Cigarettes are a nasty weed
From the devil do proceed
Stains your fingers
Burns your clothes
And makes a chimney of your nose.

Brooke Vincent

A rider goes on a bus one day with a pipe in his mouth. The conductor asked, "Don't you see the 'no smoking allowed' sign up there?"
"I'm not smokin' aloud," the rider retorted.

HARASSMENT ON THE JOB

I work in the Office of the Staff Judge Advocate, Presidio of San Francisco, California. For over a year I had a most difficult time convincing my supervisors to do something about my smoke-filled work space. My immediate supervisor, CW3 Lovell (561-5593) refused to do anything, not even bothering to answer my last letter.

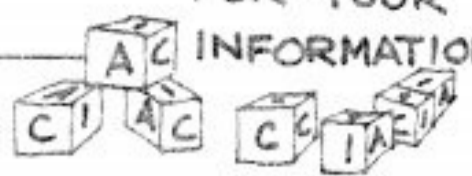
After obtaining the Army Regulation 1-8 this year which states in part... "In common work spaces shared by smokers and nonsmokers, smoking will be permitted only if ventilation is adequate to remove smoke from a work area and provide an environment that is healthful" ... I wrote yet another letter to CW3 Victor Lovell. After a week of general harassment, e.g., picking at my work and having me redo letters several times, he called me into his office and asked what I wanted. I told him I wanted a smoke-free working environment. He called my request "stupid" and my letter "ridiculous". He explained that I was working in a hallway and to as such be excluded in the Army Regulation as a working area. He pointed out that another individual was also working in same hallway and "he wasn't complaining". I replied that since I did work in the hallway it was thus considered a work space and that the other individual apparently did not have an allergy. CW3

Lovell then said that the problem should be between him and me and outside organizations should not be involved, particularly GASP, "whatever that ridiculous organization is". "I don't know what their problem is and I couldn't care less about Senator Cranston."

The outcome of the "discussion" resulted in my work space being changed from the hallway to a small, windowless storage room. The only redeeming factors being a portable fan and less of the tobacco smoke. Needless to say, I don't get much air either.

As further harassment, CW3 Lovell has been putting deadlines on all my work, not telling me the right way to do some of the work and then labeling it incorrect later. Demanding tasks have also been "assigned" to me such as collecting the mail and running errands. My family has not been able to communicate with me at work since calls are not being put through to me either with the excuse that "She doesn't have a phone in her room" (former aide to Mayor George Moscone).

FOR YOUR INFORMATION



Many of you have been misunderstanding and incorrectly referring to the Clean Indoor Air Initiative as the "CCIA" petition.

Although Californians for Clean Indoor Air are co-sponsors of the initiative measure, GASP is providing most of the muscle and money for running this campaign.

Please study the following abbreviations and make sure you use the proper one when referring to the following entities:

- CCIA = Californians for Clean Indoor Air - co-sponsor with G.A.S.P. of the Clean Indoor Air Initiative measure.
- CIAC = Clean Indoor Air Committee - the steering committee and "machine" running the Clean Indoor Air initiative campaign.
- CIAA = Clean Indoor Air Act of 1978 - the official name of the initiative measure we are trying to get voted into law.
- CIAI = Clean Indoor Air Initiative - informal name for the initiative measure.

It is probably best never to use the phrase, "CIA initiative". We have nothing to do with the Central Intelligence Agency!

Remember, the CIAC is the steering committee for the CIAA (CIAI) which is co-sponsored by G.A.S.P. and the C.C.I.A.

one of San Francisco) Michael Wong. Earlier that week City CATV Commissioner Terence Faulkner called. He was told that "She has received too many personal phone calls today" according to an unidentified male voice believed to be CW3 Lovell, put on the line by Mrs. Wilson, the colonel's secretary.

Victoria Gelvin

Marlboro Country joins Third World

San Francisco Examiner 3/19/78
Examiner News Service

WASHINGTON -- Cigarette smoking is increasing in poor nations because tobacco producers are presenting it as a symbol of progress to Third World peoples, a report by the Worldwatch Institute said yesterday.

"The educational and economic elites of the world's poorer countries are leading their countrymen in taking up the practice," declared Erik Eckholm, author of the report on global smoking trends conducted for the environmentally oriented Washington think tank.

He said upper classes in Third World countries are being led to view cigarette smoking as a class distinction and a symbol of "modernity."

"Consumers the world over spend an astonishing \$60 billion to \$100 billion each year on tobacco," Eckholm said. That immense amount of money, he said, "ensures that powerful, strongly motivated interests will struggle to keep global cigarette sales on the rise."

Eckholm's report noted declines or stabilization in the number of cigarette smokers in western countries, including the United States.

That, he said, has prompted cigarette makers to expand operations in Third World countries where they generally face none of the rigorous advertising restrictions and health warning requirements that

governments in Europe and North America have imposed on domestic sales.

Eckholm said public health education campaigns alone cannot begin to stem rising worldwide cigarette consumption.

"Corporate advertisers and national governments, in combination with changing social fashions, are today lowering tomorrow's premature deaths in Africa, Asia and Latin America."

The report said the world's top five cigarette companies, in order, are the Peking government monopoly, the private British-American Tobacco Co., the Soviet and Japanese government monopolies and Philip Morris Inc.

The percentage of U.S. adults who smoke cigarettes has plummeted from 42 percent in 1964 to 34 percent today. But the 35 million American smokers are still the world's heaviest users, puffing nearly 11,000 cigarettes each, or 1 1/4 packs per day, on an annual basis, the report said. Per capita U.S. consumption, which includes all Americans, is the world's highest -- 2,750 cigarettes annually, it said.

Introduced by Assemblyman Mori

February 6, 1978

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

Assemblyman Floyd Mori introduced AB 2448 which would "make violation of any ordinance, rule, or regulation of the district (Bay Area Rapid Transit) relating to smoking in any transit facility owned or operated by the district an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding \$50. (See text on page 3).

The bill be heard in the Assembly Transportation Committee on Tuesday, March 28. If it passes there, it will go to the Assembly Ways and Means Committee. Because you will not receive this newsletter in time to put pressure on the Transportation Committee members, we are listing below the members of the Ways and Means Committee. After March 28, call Assemblyman Mori's office in Hayward at (415) 538-3533 to find out if the bill passed. If it did, please write to one or more of the persons below who are members of the Ways and Means Committee. This is especially important to members of CASP in the San Francisco Bay Area who ride BART and pay the extra 1/2c sales tax to support it. Just recently, there was a fire on a BART train attributed to a carelessly tossed cigarette. The more the trains go up in smoke, the more YOU pay.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY WAYS AND MEANS COMMITTEE:

Denise Boatwright - Concord (Chairman)
Euzena Chapote - Yuba City
Julian Dixon - Los Angeles
Gordon Duffy - Hanford
Vic Fazio - Fairfield
Ferry Goggin - San Bernardino
Jerry Hart - Santa Barbara
Richard Hayden - Cucamonga
Teresa Hughes - Los Angeles
John Knox - Richmond
Frank Lantierman - Pasadena (vice chairman)
Jerry Lewis - Redlands
Bill McVittie - Chico
Floyd Mori - Hayward (sponsor of bill)
Richard Robinson - Garden Grove
Marilyn Ryan - Redondo Beach
Tom Swift - Palm Springs
Art Torres - Los Angeles
John Vasconcellos - San Jose
Michael Wormus - San Rafael

ADDRESS: State Capitol, Sacramento 95814

SMOKE SIGNALS 3/78

A PSALM FOR SMOKERS

King Cigarette is my shepherd; I shall always want.
He makes me safe in smoky chambers,
He leads me along coughing ways,
He restores my soul's craving,
He leads me along drug-addicted paths in his compelling craze.
Yes, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death,
I do not fear cancer of the lung, chronic bronchitis, or coronary heart disease,
For thou art with me,
And thy slim, white body clings and grips me.
My soul is destroyed and my very will is smothered.
Thou, Nicotine, prepare a trap before me at the time of billboards, posters and advertisements.
Thou whotherest me with subtle temptations,
Surely coughs, and pains, and shortness of breath shall follow me all the days of my short-lived life.
And I shall grovel before King Cigarette the rest of my slave-driven life.

—Dr. L. C. White
London, England

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1463 of the Penal Code is
2 amended to read:
3 1463.11. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section
4 1463, out of the moneys deposited with the county
5 treasurer pursuant to Section 1463, there shall be
6 transferred first, once a month, to the San Francisco Bay
7 Area Rapid Transit District an amount equal to 85
8 percent of all fines and forfeitures collected during the
9 preceding month upon the conviction or upon the
10 forfeiture of bail from any person arrested or notified by
11 a member of the ~~secretary~~ *police department* of such
12 district and charged with a *violation of an ordinance, rule,*
13 *or regulation of the district pursuant to Section*
14 *28766.5 of the Public Utilities Code or a violation of*
15 *parking or other traffic regulations adopted by, or with*
16 *the sanction of the district pursuant to Article 3*
17 *commencing with Section 21600 of Chapter 1 of*
18 *Division 14 of the Vehicle Code which are applicable to*
19 *parking or any other regulation of traffic upon property*
20 *within the county under the possession or control of the*
21 *district, and an amount equal to the remaining 15 percent*
22 *shall be transferred into the general fund of the county.*
23 The San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit District and
24 any county in which property is located which is under
25 the possession or control of the district may by mutual
26 agreement adjust the percentages of fines and forfeitures
27 to be received by the district and county respectively. In
28 the absence of any such agreement, the percentages fixed
29 by this section shall prevail.
30 SEC. 2. Section 28766.5 is added to the Public Utilities
31 Code, to read:
32 28766.5. Violation of any ordinance, rule, or
33 regulation enacted by the board relating to smoking in
34 any transit facility owned or controlled by the district
35 shall be an infraction punishable by a fine not exceeding
36 fifty dollars (\$50).

TOBACCO

Have you ever wondered where tobacco originally came from? Here is an explanation by Black Hawk, a famous warrior and chief of the Sac Indians of the Rock River Illinois Area (1747-1833).

"According to tradition handed down to our people, a beautiful woman was seen to descend from the clouds, and alight upon earth, by two of our ancestors who had killed a deer, and were sitting by a fire roasting a part of it to eat. They were astonished at seeing her, and concluded that she was hungry and had smelt the meat. They immediately went to her, taking with them a piece of the roasted venison. They present it to her, she ate it, telling them to return to the spot where she was sitting at the end of one year, and they would find a reward for their kindness and generosity. She then ascended to the clouds and disappeared. The men returned to their village, and explained to the tribe what they had seen, done and heard, but were laughed at by their people. When the period had arrived for them to visit this sacred ground, where they were to find a reward for their attention to the beautiful woman of the clouds, they went with a large party, and found where her right hand had rested on the ground corn growing, where the left hand had rested beans, and immediately where she had been seated, tobacco.

"The two first have ever since been cultivated by our people as our principal provisions, and the last is used for smoking. The white people have since found out the latter, and seem to relish it as much as we do, as they use it in different ways, namely: smoking, snuffing and chewing."

From: Autobiography of Black Hawk and History of the Black Hawk War of 1832, translated by Antoine LeBlanc, edited by J.B. Patterson, 1833.

SMOKERS AS ABSENTEES

Smoking and absenteeism was the subject of a special study by Dr. Andrew Adami, director of the Warsaw Antonowicz Clinic in Warsaw, Poland.

His conclusions have been reported as follows:

1. Smokers became ill 1.5 times more often than nonsmokers used as controls in the study. Most common smoking-related diseases were chronic respiratory diseases, asthma, pulmonary emphysema, bronchiectasis, coronary heart disease, gastric or duodenal ulceration, and cancer.

Frequent absence because of these diseases can be five times greater for smokers. A myocardial infarction, obstruction of a blood vessel in the brain, or a malignant tumor, caused by smoking, may turn a worker into a permanent invalid.

2. Nonsmokers are 1.5 times as immune to colds as smokers. Smokers often become the first to contract influenza. Their airways have frequently been so damaged by long-term exposure to smoke that their respiratory systems are particularly susceptible to invading viruses or bacteria.

3. Smokers have twice as many accidents as nonsmokers. One reason is that their addiction occasionally forces them to smoke in places where smoking is banned for safety reasons. Too, fires are often started from discarded cigarette butts.

Managers consider smoking a distraction—appearing normal work procedures—which can lead to accidents.

Drivers who smoke are particularly prone to automobile accidents. Reaching for a cigarette, lighting it, flicking the ash on the clothes often distracts their attention from the car, the highway and other vehicles.

4. Smokers are more frequently affected by industrial poisons. An example: Eight of 15 workers in the battery division of an automobile plant were found to have early symptoms of lead poisoning. Occupational diseases usually occur in workers exposed to a pollutant over a long period of time. This was not the case with workers suffering from lead poisoning. But one factor was clear: all were heavy smokers.

Workers having close contact with various chemicals can be subjected to industrial poisons. They should not further endanger themselves by inhaling toxins in tobacco smoke. In the case of chimney sweeps who smoke while constantly exposed to silicon dust, dust contamination of their lungs occurred more often and faster among those who smoked cigarettes. The concentration of dust in smoke is a million times higher than in heavily polluted air.

A synergistic relationship frequently exists between various substances. For the smoker whose lungs are constantly saturated with carcinogenic tobacco tars, other carcinogenic factors such as cosmic radiation in uranium mines, uranium dust, and asbestos have a synergistic effect. The number of lung cancers among workers in polluted atmospheres is enormously increased among heavy smokers.

SMOKE SIGNALS
March 1978

Massachusetts filters out smokers

SALEM — Personal rules have been written to protect the rights of smokers and non-smokers.

The rules are the result of a bill passed in 1977 and signed by the governor.

Agency administrators and appointing authorities have the responsibility to survey all work areas, lounge, conference rooms and rest areas to determine where physical barriers and/or ventilation controls are necessary to remove visible smoke whenever space must be shared by non-smokers.

Funding has been made available to provide for such barriers and ventilation.

The agency chief may designate exact locations where smoking will be prohibited.

The rules also assure that non-smokers will not be required to travel in state-owned vehicles with drivers or passengers who smoke during the use of the vehicle.

The rules also state that work space must be sufficient to remove visible smoke within five minutes.

THE CALIFORNIA STATE EMPLOYEE
February 15, 1978

EAST BAY

CALENDAR OF EVENTS

April 1 - Berkeley Blitz
 April 8 - Centennial Parade
 April 13 - Dr. Joel Fort at East Bay meeting
 May 11 - Berkeley Police at meeting

East Bay GASP is now directing its energies toward enforcing the Berkeley No-Smoking Ordinance. In February the Berkeley City Council amended the enforcement provision of the ordinance to read:

"Section 1.07. INFRINGEMENTS AND PENALTIES

(c) When a person is arrested for an offense declared to be an infraction under this Section, the person shall be released by citation in accordance with procedures set forth in Section 853.6(a) of the State Penal Code."

This amendment goes into effect March 31. On Saturday, April 1, we are going to visit as many businesses in Berkeley as possible and note whether they have their signs posted. We need your help. Persons interested in participating in the "Berkeley Blitz" should report to the GASP office at 1932 McGee at 10 a.m. on Saturday, April 1, to receive instructions. A party will be held following the survey at 1932 McGee around 4:30 p.m. We have to show the people of California that such a law is enforceable and desired by a majority of the people and that concerned citizens are willing to take it upon themselves to see that it is enforced. The ordinance comes up for review within six months to one year after going into effect - that means it will be reviewed by the City Council sometime before July 1 this summer. The San Francisco Foundation has granted the City of Berkeley \$4,294 to fund a three-month study by sociologist Dr. Mark Sanford and his graduate students at the Wright Institute in Berkeley. The study, which will include interviews with 250 to 300 residents and 50 Berkeley businesses, will be used by the City Council when it conducts its required review. East Bay G.A.S.P. will also be there to report on information we have collected over the past year.

On Saturday, April 8, the City of Berkeley celebrates its centennial with a parade starting at Shattuck and Parker and moving northward. Its theme will be "A Century of Innovation". East Bay GASP will be marching in the parade, celebrating the first anniversary of clean air in enclosed public places in Berkeley. If you're interested in marching along, contact the GASP office (849-1794) for further details.

Joel Fort, M.D., will speak on "Smoking - Sex - and the Menemakers' Rights Movement" at our April 13 meeting in the Hospitality Room of San Francisco Federal Savings & Loan at the corner of Shattuck and University in Berkeley.

At our May 11 meeting, we expect to have a representative from the Berkeley Police Department explain how to make a complaint and get the Berkeley no-smoking ordinance enforced. The ordinance passed into law one year ago and has been in effect since July 1, 1977. Although it has been working very well through voluntary compliance and the mild efforts of East Bay GASP, there has not yet been complete enforcement to force businesses to post signs. Many people are not aware of what they can and should do when they see a violation. Here's a chance to find out how to do it! Please attend.

Chapter News

SAN DIEGO

The anniversary and victory celebration meeting on March 4 was a huge success. Even with the rain and the hard-to-find Community Room, we had a turnout of about 100 people. Our sincerest thanks go to Bill Gordon for enlightening and entertaining us on such a momentous occasion. As Bill said, "Let's do it again next year in celebration of our victory in November."

Although Joseph Califano was unable to attend to pick up his award, his office did send a telegram. Others accepting awards for their outstanding leadership in the quest for clean indoor air were: SmokEnders, Shick Center, Senny's Restaurants, Del Hood (Assoc. Editor of local paper), Helen McKenna (columnist for local paper), the Lung Association, Dr. Jim White, Channel 39 (unable to attend), and Supervisor Jim Bates.

The winners of the local initiative contest sponsored by Susan and Walt Ballard were announced: Kathy Burke won \$50 which she said she was donating to GASP (thanks, Kathy - you were a hard act to follow!), Chris Meelker won \$35 which she also would donate to GASP, and Sid Becker won \$15. Thanks to the winners and the Ballards.

Anita Simons, County Coordinator, thanked all those who had done so much during the initiative campaign, in particular the officers who never get any credit because it's expected of them: Len Gosink, Betty Heilman and Heather Knowlton. Special tribute was paid to Max Treece who was presented with an Award of Merit, a subscription to "Model Engineer" and a mini-crown for the "King of Signature Gatherers" who collected over 21,000 on his own!

New officers - Secretary, Carol Hesterberg and Treasurer, Dick Cooper - were introduced. A good time was had by all and the refreshments were great and plentiful.

The next monthly meeting will be Thursday, April 13, 7:30 p.m. at the Lung Association. There will be a short film from the Lung Association - probably something humorous on the smoking subject. Plans for legislative campaign strategy and fund raising will be topics for the evening. We are also in need of a new historian to keep the GASP scrapbook, as Ann Reynolds is unable to continue with the job.

See you all on the 13th.

Anita Simons

Diablo Valley

CHICKEN CHOW
SUNDAY, APRIL 16

The success of our last two pot luck dinners has encouraged us to continue meeting in an informal setting. It's amazing how many new and creative ideas can be produced on a full stomach!

This month the bill of fare will include an Old Fashioned Sunday Evening Supper (minus the apple pie), courtesy of Kentucky Fried Chicken.

For those of you who want to exchange good conversation, plan our strategy for the Initiative Campaign, contribute to the future of Diablo Valley GASP or just meet new/old friends, then come to:

55 Stanton Ave
Orinda, CA.

RSVP
254-3864

Carol Olsert
and
Al Paltin

SUNDAY, 4/16
6-9 p.m.

SAN
JOAQUIN
COUNTY

Dr. Jay Smith, Northern California Coordinator, was the main speaker at our February 28 dinner meeting. Two dozen members and friends enjoyed a fine speech, a fine meal, and a fine sense of success for helping to gather 600,000 signatures for the Clean Indoor Air Initiative.

The Heart Association provided a speaker for our March 28 meeting. Please note the change of our regular meeting date: the 4th Tuesday of each month, but still Breuner's Hospitality Room, corner of Hammer Lane and Pacific Avenue, 7:30-9:00 p.m.

Plans for our April meeting are incomplete. Why? At this writing, we haven't even held our March meeting yet. But we do expect to be working hard at getting votes for the CIAA proposition in November.

Two University of the Pacific students are already helping us. They must get 36 hours of practical experience in a political campaign for one of their classes. We hope that additional students will choose GASP for their projects.

When you get a good idea for the campaign, telephone me at 478-1802.

Ken Beighley

007



"Under EPA's offset policy our proposed plant's emissions will be acceptable— if we all quit smoking!"

INDUSTRY WEEK, February 26, 1978

SMOKE SIGNALS January 1978

The True Cost of Smoking

Cristine Russell

(Adapted from Washington Post)

This year health authorities expect 325,000 premature deaths from cigarette-related diseases. And, if historical smoking trends continue, one of every six Americans alive today—nearly 18 million people—might die earlier than expected because of smoking.

According to the estimates, 25 million of them could die of tobacco-related heart disease.

Nearly 8 million could die of lung cancer, for another 7.8 million it could be bronchitis or emphysema.

Cancers of the oral cavity, esophagus, pancreas, larynx, kidney, and bladder which are associated with cigarette smoking could total 2.2 million.

And more than 1 million could die of antherosclerosis, or hardening of the arteries, caused in some part by smoking.

These statistics on smoking and health, based upon information gathered by a Department of Health, Education, and Welfare task force currently considering new anti-smoking initiatives, provide striking illustration of the agency's often stated conclusion that "cigarette smoking is the primary, preventable cause of illness and death."

H.S.W.'s position has been echoed worldwide. A report to the World Health Organization similarly suggested that "smoking-related diseases are such important causes of disability and premature death in developed countries that control of cigarette smoking could do more to improve health and prolong life in these countries than any other single action in the whole field of preventive medicine."

The chairman of a 1975 world conference on smoking and health, Sir George Godber, put it more simply, calling smoking the "commonest self-inflicted injury today."

While "freedom of choice" advocates have defended the individual's right to smoke, health experts have increasingly grown concerned about the overall economic impact of the controversial personal habit in which some 50 million American adults still indulge.

Estimates vary, depending on the source, but a range of figures suggests that between \$11 billion and \$18 billion annually is spent on health and hospital treatment of tobacco-related illness—roughly 10 percent of the total

amount expended for health care in the United States.

In addition, according to the National Center for Health Statistics, approximately 80 million lost work days annually—roughly one fifth of the total—can be attributed to the effects of cigarette smoking. A man who smokes more than two packs a day is away from work 3.5 times as much as a nonsmoker, with the figures for women the same or even worse.

Lost wages would amount to an additional \$3.1 billion, for a conservative total of more than \$14 billion, based upon the lower figure for healthcare costs. These estimates were made for the National Commission on Smoking and Public Policy, which is completing an independent assessment of the smoking problem for the American Cancer Society.

These figures do not include amounts lost as a result of premature permanent disability, death, or fire.

Weighing the economic benefits to society—aside from the tobacco industry profits themselves—against the hidden costs of cigarette-related illness, sets a "loss" of a minimum of \$5 billion, contends commission director Victor Weingarten.

While roughly 30 million smokers have given up cigarettes since 1964—when 42 percent of the adult population smoked compared to roughly 34 percent today—the progress has been slow, in the opinion of those worried about the 50 million who still do. It is particularly disturbing that increasing numbers of teenagers are taking up the habit.

Despite the health warnings, smoking by girls between 12 and 18 nearly doubled between 1968 and 1974, and the age at which many children begin regular smoking is down to 11 or 12.

The sales growth rate has tapered off, but 1976 still represented a record year for tobacco consumption, with about 600 billion cigarettes, or an average of 11,696 cigarettes per smoker, consumed. The continued increase, despite the decreasing percentage of smokers in the population, comes from population growth and consumption of more cigarettes per day by women smokers.

All in all, "despite its own findings and warnings about the hazards of cigarette smoking, the response of the federal government on both congressional and executive levels to this problem has been minimal and symbolic, and in terms of the public interest could be described as both pathetic and scandalous," according to a report by the commission reported by the American Cancer Society.



RAINED OUT IN PASADENA (from left): Roger Perrenoud, San Fernando Valley GASP; Art Burns, Marina-Airport GASP; Sochie Perrenoud, San Fernando Valley GASP; Ada Bakalar, San Fernando Valley GASP; Bob Bernstein, Los Angeles County Coordinator; Frank Wiswall, Southern California Coordinator; Don Hagmie, Westside GASP

PRINTER NEEDED

Many thanks to Rodney Freeland for the time he has devoted in our print shop. He has put in endless hours and simply cannot give more. I have less and less time to devote to it. Is there anyone who lives relatively close to Berkeley who has printing experience and can run a Chief 15 offset press? Will you give us a day or more per week? Is there anyone interested, seriously, in learning how to run a printing press? It seems to be the type of job that has many openings. If you will stick with it, we could teach you how to run the press. If interested, call Tim Moder at 415-849-1794.

Growing Clan of Smokers Who Quit

By Paul Taylor

London

ONE OF the fastest growing groups in the British population is ex-smokers. Government figures show that anti-smoking campaigns have been most successful among male teachers, doctors and other professional men, where smoking virtually has been halved over the last 15 years.

During the last two years, 6.5 million Britons gave up smoking, according to the anti-smoking campaign group Action on Smoking and Health (ASH).

When a commercial television station put on a program recently offering free kits to help people kick the tobacco habit, they were deluged by more than half a million requests.

The response was so overwhelming that the government was forced to make a special grant to help production of the kits, which contain leaflets on how to quit and samples of withdrawal aids such as nicotine chewing gum and special filters.

Between 1972 and 1976, the number of cigarettes sold in Britain dropped by 4.9 percent, according to latest government statistics.

However, if the general picture is one of a decline in cigarette smoking, the change is not spread evenly throughout the population. The least-affected group is women. The number of female factory workers who smoke actually increased by six percent over the last 15 years.

Several reasons are suggested for this change in the social profile of smokers. ASH Deputy Director Paul Hodges says tobacco advertising consistently is aimed at working-class people.

He also says that once advertisements used to describe a certain brand of cigarette as "a man's companion through life." Now, he says, the tobacco companies deliberately are steering their advertising at "the modern woman" who no longer feels bound by the old taboos on women smoking in public.

ASH Director Mike Deane admits that until recently most anti-smoking information was aimed by middle-class people at middle-class people.

Things are changing. Recently, the Scottish Health Education Council launched a publicity campaign from smoking, through health education in schools. A government survey showed that the number of teachers who smoke has fallen dramatically from 46 percent to 28 percent in the last five years.

Under pressure from the Royal College of Physicians, the medical body which highlighted the dangers of smoking and founded ASH, the government has stepped up its health education budget — \$1.8 million in 1977.

However, ASH Director Deane says this is only a small fraction of the \$140 million spent on advertising and promotion by the tobacco companies. A spokesman for a major tobacco company denied that

the industry spends that much, but declined to give an alternative figure.

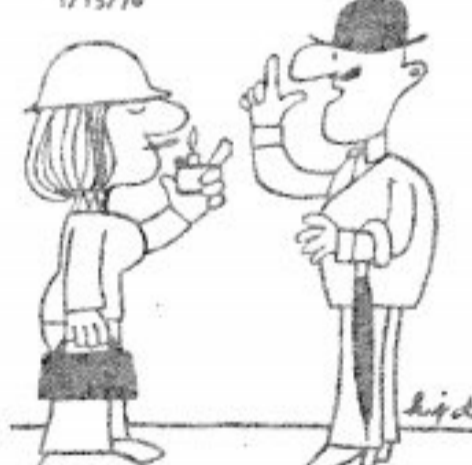
Deane also says that according to the government's own opinion polls, a majority of the population is in favor of much more stringent anti-smoking measures than have been introduced so far.

Even among Britain's 19 million smokers, a majority want further restrictions on smoking in public buildings and on public transportation and more than 80 percent of Britons favor a total ban on cigarette advertising, the polls show.

The growing anti-smoking mood is apparent to daily life in the British capital. During the rush hours, nonsmoker cars in London's subway system are crisscrossed with commuters while smoking compartments are often half-empty.

Cigarette advertisements in the street carry a government health warning.

SAN FRANCISCO SUNDAY CHRONICLE & EXAMINER 1/15/78



ing "Cigarettes can seriously damage your health."

Campaigners agree that price increases have been crucial to the decline in the number of cigarettes sold. SHL's executive vice-president says the cost of a pack of Kings cigarettes is almost 60 pence (about \$1).

Deane says the economic crisis which has gripped Britain over the last four years has been "one of the best things to happen to the anti-smoking movement." The rights of the nonsmoker, he adds, now are accepted universally and "it is no longer antisocial or unfashionable to refuse a cigarette."

Smoker

SPACE FOR NONSMOKERS

by David Brandt-Erichsen

The space colony concept developed by Princeton physicist Gerard K. O'Neill will probably change the course of history. In his book *The High Frontier*, O'Neill describes a detailed program to build manufacturing facilities in space which could house thousands of people within the next 20 years. These space colonists could use material from the moon to build huge structures in space such as solar power satellites which would beam electric power to the Earth. The idea is based entirely on existing technology and is being considered with increasing seriousness by NASA.

Economic studies of this proposal have been so promising that O'Neill predicts that within 200 years there will be more people living in space than on the Earth. New colonies can be built quite rapidly, taking advantage of the intense solar energy, the abundant raw materials from the moon and from near-Earth asteroids, and the availability of zero gravity (useful for building large structures easily).

The location first considered for a space colony was a stable point on the moon's orbit called L-5. This term has since been loosely applied to any high-Earth orbit which is suitable for a colony. The *L-5 News* is a monthly publication of the L-5 Society, an international organization working to make space settlements a reality by 1990. The January 1978 issue contains a letter from Kirk H. Stone, a research professor at the University of Georgia, who makes the following statement:

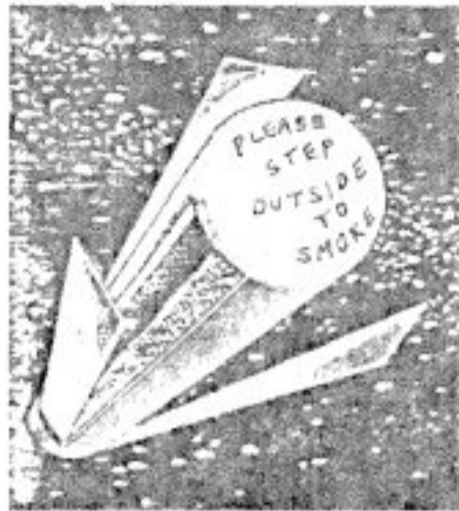
"I do not think that the matter of smoking in space colonies is very simple. For one thing, the increasing size of nonsmoking areas in airplanes, restaurants, and the like indicates one trend. Secondly, so far as I know none of the astronauts were smokers and we therefore have no notion as to what the physiological effects may be on a person undergoing daily changes from 0-G to 1-G. Thirdly, it is obvious that those in the construction areas of 0-G will not be able to smoke. Fourthly, I can not imagine that any tobacco firm will pay \$160 per kilogram freight charge nor do I think that many colonies will have enough agricultural space that they will devote some to the raising of tobacco."

This contrasts with a statement made by planetary scientist T.A. Heppenheimer in his book *Colonies in Space*. Dr. Heppenheimer predicts that "resourceful entrepreneurs will no doubt find ways to grow tobacco in the colony."

If this is true, the implications for GASP are obvious: we should have separate colonies for smokers and non-smokers. Space is the ultimate cigarette filter. GASPs and other clean air addicts can have signs on their space colonies which read "Please Step Outside to Smoke."

Smokers can also have their own colonies and pay the extra costs of air purification and special medical care which they will require. Special colonies can be built for those with self-induced emphysema or heart disease which have (1) special high-oxygen atmospheres, (2) rotation rates slower than that of other colonies, producing lower gravity to reduce stress on the heart, and (3) fireproof clothing and bedding made with fiberglass fabric manufactured from plentiful lunar silica. In such a colony smokers might even be able to live a normal lifespan.

So smokers and nonsmokers unite! Support a strong space program and we can both have what we want.



Oct. 11, 1977

S.F. Sunday Examiner & Chronicle

How the French stop smoking

By William Hines
Chicago Sun-Times

LYON, France—The French, a nation of notoriously heavy smokers of notoriously brutal cigarettes, enacted legislation that might provide a model for U.S. health, education and welfare Secretary Joseph Califano's promised antismoking campaign.

The legislation, described as an international cancer meeting here, already has resulted in fewer persons smoking and less tobacco consumed, according to France's top medical officer, Dr. Pierre Demotz, director general of health.

He said that in the law's first year, it halted a steady 3 percent annual increase in tobacco use and brought about a drop of almost 2 percent in the number of French smokers.

The French law, which went on the books July 8, 1976, does not outlaw cigarettes or even attempt to cut them out of reach. The popular Gauloises and Gitanes brands cost the equivalent of only 40 or 50 cents a pack and are produced in a government factory less than a mile from where the cancer meeting took place.

What the law does do is attempt to reduce tobacco use through a mixture of persuasion and suppression that goes far beyond anything tried in the United States. Examples of the government's attack:

- Nonsmokers have won a "bill of rights" that ... y limits smoking in public places. Confined spaces such as passenger trains are segregated on a 30-60 basis.
- The once-obliguous cigarette posters in Paris subway stations have been outlawed, as have the long-popular commercials in cinemas, TV and radio plugs for tobacco are taken.
- Tobacco advertising is banned in publications aimed at young persons.
- Newspaper and magazine ads have been stripped of human models to deglamorize smoking.
- Cigarette ads cannot run on the outside pages of any publication and the press is not permitted to increase its tobacco advertising.
- A barrage of TV commercials against smoking as a dirty habit has been started.

Most sectors of the French population are smoking less, Demotz said, with one small but important exception. "We haven't yet found a way of getting through to young girls" (in the United States as well, smoking among girls has been on the increase.) Demotz credited his boss, Simone Veil, who, as health minister, holds a job corresponding to Califano's, with making and charming the law through to realization.

Unlike Califano, who quit smoking recently and now wants everybody else to quit, Veil has not dropped the habit despite her efforts to reform the French smoking public. However, Demotz said, she now is careful to smoke only in private.

What got Veil moving on an antismoking law was a skyrocketing trend in health costs and one of the world's highest lung-cancer death rates.

News, Mar. 21, 1978 • See *Francisco Chronicle*

Smoking Initiative Endorsed by CMA

By Charles Pettit
Science Correspondent

The initiative on the November ballot to sharply restrict smoking in public places in California was endorsed yesterday by the California Medical Association.

"This is a measure that supports public health," said Dr. Edgar Wayburn, a San Francisco internist who wrote the endorsement resolution.

It passed overwhelmingly in the medical association's policy-making House of Delegates, which wound up its five-day annual meeting yesterday at the Fairmont Hotel.

Despite the wide support among the more than 300 delegates, who represent 25,000 California doctors, a few physicians were against supporting anti-smoking laws.

"Medicine today already has enough trouble with its public image," said Dr. Thomas Rothchild of Santa Clara. "Our endorsement of this isn't going to change how people will vote."

But, Wayburn said, "All it does is give non-smokers the same rights as smokers," and he reminded the doctors of the many places where smokers already cannot light up — including the hotel bathroom where the meeting took place. Big red "no smoking" signs bearing the medical association initials rang the room.

The resolution came up during a hectic last session of the meeting, in which the doctors made their opinions known on issues ranging from abortion through state and federal regulation of medicine to midwifery.

On abortion, the delegates resoundingly reaffirmed existing CMA policy to support Medi-Cal payment for abortions. The vote strongly backed up testimony in Sacramento last week by CMA officers who opposed any legislation to forbid Medi-Cal payment for "abortion on demand."

Abortion, yesterday's resolution said, is a matter between a patient and her doctor, and should be paid for in the same manner as any other surgical procedure.

One measure that would have made it harder for government undercover agents to investigate doctors suspected of improperly prescribing narcotics and other "controlled substances" was defeated.

By turning back the resolution, "The state's doctors took a pretty strong stand," according to Dr. Joseph Boyie, speaker of the CMA house.

"If there are members of our profession trafficking in drugs, we want them found out and disciplined," he said.

Another resolution called on the state's Board of Medical Quality Assurance to act faster when told by county medical societies of complaints against individual doctors.

On births, the doctors opposed home delivery, and any delivery by midwives who lack formal medical training.

San Francisco Chronicle 4/12/78

Report on Nicotine In Breast Fluids

By Marie Rasmussen

Nicotine — and possibly cancer-causing substances — collects in the breast fluids of women smokers, whether or not they are nursing, University of California researchers reported yesterday.

"We can't say that smoking causes breast cancer," said Dr. Nicholas Petrakis, a cancer epidemiologist at the UC Medical School in San Francisco. But he said the recent findings "show a potential that needs to be investigated."

He said no data indicate that women smokers have any higher rate of breast cancer than non-smoking women.

"However, the fact that cigarette smoke contains, in addition to nicotine ... several known carcinogenic chemicals which are also probably secreted by the breast, we suspect there might be a potential risk."

Breast cancer is the most common cancer in women, striking 30,000 persons a year.

Petrakis said previous studies have indicated that nursing mothers' milk can contain a hundred or more substances from outside the body — drugs such as aspirin or

antibiotics, pesticides and in the case of smokers, nicotine. They pass out of the mother's bodies — and into the babies — during breast-feeding.

But researchers had not formerly detected concentrations of nicotine in the breast fluids of women who are not producing milk, Petrakis said.

He and his associates used a special kind of sensitive laboratory test to show the presence of trace amounts of nicotine in the fluids that these women secrete and concentrate in their breast ducts — the area where breast cancer originates.

Petrakis' research is continuing with testing for concentrations of chemicals suspected of causing cancer. Petrakis said the project needs volunteers — women who are not nursing and who smoke two packs or more of cigarettes a day.

While Petrakis said substances tend to concentrate in breasts, much as they do in kidneys, he does not know yet what happens to them in non-nursing women — whether they are destroyed by enzymes eventually or reabsorbed by the body.

DD1

NAME _____ PHONE () _____
ADDRESS _____ CITY _____ ZIP _____

CHECKS PAYABLE TO: CALIFORNIA G.A.S.P. MAIL TO: GASP P.O. BOX 1061, BERKELEY, CA 94701

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY - NOTE THE POSTAGE PAYMENTS ON THE RIGHT CALIFORNIA G.A.S.P. MEMBERS PAY LOWER RATES

SECTION A	These items are informational. They are free to individuals and interested organizations, in limited quantities.	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
A-1	"THE RIGHTS OF THE NONSMOKER" - California G.A.S.P.'s introductory brochure. Lists goals, chapters & Membership form.	0	0	0		15¢ for each multiple of five items or fraction thereof
A-4	"SECOND-HAND SMOKE" - a discussion of the contents of second hand smoke and its effects on Involuntary Smokers (ALA)	0	0	0		
A-8	"NONSMOKERS' RIGHTS IN GSA-CONTROLLED BUILDINGS" - GSA Bulletin FPMR D-143 - a MUST for Federal Employees (GLF)	0	0	0		
A-9	"CIVIL RIGHTS AND THE NONSMOKERS' MOVEMENT" - by Peter Hanauer, presented by GASP Educational Foundation	0	0	0		

SECTION B	BUTTONS 2 colors	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
B-1	BUTTONS - "GASP, NONSMOKERS HAVE RIGHTS TOO" - 2 color		25¢	35¢		15¢ for each multiple of TEN Buttons, or fraction thereof
B-2	BUTTONS - "YES, I MIND IF YOU SMOKE" - 2 color		25¢	35¢		
B-3	BUTTONS - "CAUTION: YOUR SMOKING IS HAZARDOUS TO MY HEALTH"		25¢	35¢		
B-4	BUTTONS - "THANK YOU FOR NOT SMOKING HERE" - 2 color		25¢	35¢		

SECTION D	ASSORTED MATERIALS	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
D-2	RUBBER STAMP - "PLEASE DON'T SMOKE, PEOPLE ARE BREATHING" - stamp your envelopes, checks etc.		\$2.00	\$2.50		POSTAGE INCLUDED IN THE PRICE OF EACH ITEM
D-4	RUBBER STAMP - "PLEASE DON'T SMOKE, PEOPLE ARE BREATHING" - International Logo, G.A.S.P.'s name, address & phone		\$2.00	\$2.50		
D-9	MATCHES - They have the message, inside and out - "DEAR SMOKER, ENJOY YOUR SMOKE, BUT PLEASE DON'T FORCE IT ON OTHERS" - they get the message 20 times- 50 books/box		5¢/book \$2/box	10¢/book \$3/box		
D-10	CLEAR ACRYLIC BLOCK - paperweight or gentle reminder-"THANK YOU FOR NOT SMOKING" in Bold White Letters 7"x3/4"x3/4"		\$2.50	\$3.50		
D-12	FAN - Battery Operated - Portable fan that will fit in any pocket or purse. Blow the smoke away. Battery NOT included		\$2.00	\$3.00		
D-13	BALLONS - two pictures in two colors, the International No Smoking Logo & a Nonsmoker GASPing for HELP		25¢	35¢		
D-3	BUMPER STICKER - "GASP, NONSMOKERS HAVE RIGHTS TOO"		25¢	35¢		15¢ for each multiple of FIVE items or fraction thereof
D-7	PENS - Ledger Pens, black ink- GASP's name, address & phone engraved in Gold letters		25¢ ea, 3/52	30¢ ea		
D-8	PENCILS - #2 in assorted colors with GASP's name, address & phone engraved in Gold letters		15¢ ea, 7/52	25¢ ea		

SECTION E	SIGNS 2 color	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
E-1	SIGN - "PLEASE DON'T SMOKE, PEOPLE ARE BREATHING" - 8 1/2"x11"		10¢	15¢		15¢ for each multiple of FIVE signs or fraction thereof
E-2	SIGN - "IN CONSIDERATION OF OTHERS-PLEASE DON'T SMOKE" - 8"x8 1/2"		10¢	15¢		
E-3	SIGN - "NO SMOKING" 8 1/2"x11"		10¢	15¢		
E-4	SIGN - "NONSMOKERS BILL OF RIGHTS" - 8 1/2"x11"		10¢	15¢		
E-5	SIGN - "NONSMOKERS HAVE RIGHTS TOO! PLEASE DON'T SMOKE" - 8 1/2"x11"		10¢	15¢		
E-6	SIGN - "NO SMOKING PLEASE" - 8 1/2"x8 1/2"		10¢	15¢		
E-20	SIGN - "PLEASE STEP OUTSIDE TO SMOKE" - 8 1/2"x11"		10¢	15¢		
E-30	SIGN - "WE WOULD LIKE TO EXPRESS OUR SINCERE APPRECIATION FOR NOT SMOKING" weatherproof plastic 10"x15"		\$4.00	\$5.00		

SECTION F	BUSINESS CARDS 2 COLOR	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
F-1	BUSINESS CARDS - "G.A.S.P. - GOAL "To Stop Involuntary Smoking" - pass them out, and get new members		2¢	3¢		15¢ for each multiple of FIFTY cards or fraction thereof
F-2	BUSINESS CARDS - "PLEASE CONSIDER SETTING ASIDE A NO SMOKING AREA FOR NONSMOKERS" - leave them at RESTAURANTS		2¢	3¢		
F-3	BUSINESS CARDS - "THANK YOU FOR PROVIDING A NO SMOKING SECTION FOR NONSMOKERS" -		2¢	3¢		
F-4	BUSINESS CARDS - "IF CIGARETTE SMOKE BOTHERS YOU, DO SOMETHING JOIN G.A.S.P." - pass them out to those who are interested		2¢	3¢		

SECTION G	BOOKS	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
G-1	BOOKS - "WE MIND IF YOU SMOKE" - a greatbook covering the Nonsmokers' Rights movement across the country		\$1.95	\$2.20		30¢ each

SECTION TS	T-SHIRTS	NUMBER MEMBERS	COST	COST NON MEMBERS	TOTAL \$	POSTAGE
TS-1	"YES I mind if you smoke" - four beautiful colors on white XLG # _____ LG # _____ MED # _____ SM # _____		\$5.00	\$6.00		50¢ each
TS-2	"NONSMOKERS ARE BETTER LOVERS" - blue on white XLG # _____ LG # _____ MED # _____ SM # _____		\$5.00	\$6.00		
TS-3	"KISS ME I DON'T SMOKE" -bright RED-lipped, dark GREEN Frog XLG # _____ LG # _____ MED # _____ SM # _____ XSM # _____		\$5.00	\$6.00		

CHECKS PAYABLE TO: CALIFORNIA G.A.S.P.
MAIL TO: G.A.S.P. P.O. BOX 1061, BERKELEY, CA 94701
ALL PRICES INCLUDE SALES TAX

SUBTOTAL	_____	POSTAGE TOTAL	_____
POSTAGE TOTAL	_____		
GRAND TOTAL	_____		

001

G.A.S.P. MEMBERSHIP FORM

CALIFORNIA GROUP AGAINST SMOKING POLLUTION

ADVISORY BOARD

Joseph L. Stanford, M.D.
U.S. Surgeon General, 1969-73
Dean, School of Medicine,
Harvard College of Physicians

Linus Pauling
Nobel Laureate
Research Professor
Loma Plina University
of California and Institute

Dr. Glenn T. Seaborg
Nobel Laureate
University Professor of Chemistry
University of California, Berkeley

J. William Fulbright
President, 1961-1968

John H. Moulton, M.D.
Dean, School of Medicine
University of California, San Diego

Wilbert S. Aronow, M.D.
Professor of Medicine
Professor of Cardiology &
Environmental Medicine
Professor of Medical
Pharmacology & Therapeutics
University of California, Irvine

ONE YEAR MEMBERSHIPS

SINGLE \$10 FAMILY \$15 SUSTAINING \$25 BENEFACTOR \$50 SPONSOR \$100 PATRON \$500

INTRODUCTORY 6 MONTH MEMBERSHIP \$5

NEW MEMBER RENEWAL GIFT MEMBERSHIP I WANT TO BE A MEMBER OF CHAPTER.

Membership Dues of \$10 and \$15 are divided between the State and local chapters.

I want additional dues or donations to go to State Chapter

Name Phone () area code

Address Zip

CHECKS PAYABLE TO: G.A.S.P. (Group Against Smoking Pollution)
SEND TO: P. O. Box 1061, Berkeley, CA 94701

Top Health Officials Ignore Own Advice Not to Smoke

By THOMAS KUNCL

Nearly half of the top officials of the federal agencies most closely concerned about public health are ignoring their own advice — and still smoke.

Of the 38 most senior people at the Dept. of Health, Education and Welfare (HEW), and its subordinate agencies, no fewer than 17 puff away on cigarettes, cigars or a pipe.

For example, at the National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute, four top executives continue to smoke.

The same holds true for four

directors at the National Cancer Institute (NCI).

"In some cases, they're saying 'Don't do as I do — do as I say,'" said Walker Merryman, assistant to the president of the Tobacco Institute.

The situation has left Irving Rimmer of the American Cancer Institute (ACI) wondering. "We think that doctors, nurses and other people in high places — like those in HEW or NCI — should be setting examples and therefore should make every effort to quit smoking," he said.

"We create a paradox with the public when members of

HEW and the health institute smoke — and that becomes known to the public, especially young children," added Rimmer, vice president for public information of the ACI.

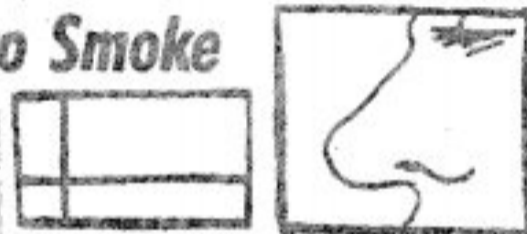
York Onnes, information officer of the National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute, admitted that "health professionals do need to set a good example" but is quit smoking "is not an easy thing to do."

Dr. David Reil, director of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, says he still smokes cigarettes "with regret." However, Dr. George Lythcott, administrator of the Health Services Ad-

ministration, claims, "I'm in the process of kicking the habit. I believe that I'll be able to do it."

HEW Secretary Joseph Califano has taken a firm stand on smoking.

"He doesn't want any cigarette smoking going on around him," said Public Affairs Officer Sandy Winston. "There are no ashtrays in his room and none in the conference rooms."



IT'S OFFICIAL! We're on the ballot

continued from page 1

fraternities?? of retired executives and administrators? They could be very helpful.)

Dr. Weisberg of the Cancer Society will be organizing the Medical Committee. We now have the endorsement and support of the California Medical Association.

And last, but not least, Pete Hanevar, Treasurer, is working on getting some money. Advertising, printing literature, making educational films etc. — they all cost money and we need lots of it.

The Clean Indoor Air Committee has been successful in raising and spending \$57,000 to get the initiative on the ballot. Now the treasury is almost empty. Some estimates say we can get it passed with about 10 times that amount — \$570,000.

Tim Hoder has pointed out that the Committee could raise \$1 million by getting 1000 donations of \$1000 each (fewer donations, if they are more than \$1000) and he and Sandy Young have donated the first \$1000 toward that million. Tim hopes to donate \$1 for each \$1000 that comes in but he hasn't committed himself to that. Please join Tim and Sandy in the \$1000 Club. Of course, donations of more than \$1000 or less than \$1000 are certainly welcome.

I HAVE MOVED!

NAME _____
NEW ADDRESS _____
CITY _____ ZIP _____
NEW PHONE (area code _____) _____
DATE EFFECTIVE _____

Clip out and return to:
CALIFORNIA G.A.S.P.
P. O. Box 1061
Berkeley, CA 94701

WICHITA EAGLE 2/14/78

T-SHIRT

SALE

\$1 OFF ON ALL SHIRTS FOR MEMBERS ONLY

BUY 3 or MORE, RIGHT NOW, and We'll Drop the POSTAGE - That's \$1.50 less per Shirt

WONDERFUL GIFTS FOR FRIENDS & FAMILY

Mothers' Day - Fathers' Day Birthdays - Anniversaries

See the Order Form on Page 10 - only \$1 per shirt and if you buy three or more at one time - NO POSTAGE required for the T-Shirts

THREE STYLES - BEAUTIFUL COLORS

NONSMOKERS ARE BETTER LOVERS - Joel Fort, M.D. will attest to that at the East Bay Chapter meeting on April 13 - (see East Bay News)

KISS ME I DON'T SMOKE - Bright green FROG with bright red lips

YES I MIND IF YOU SMOKE - four gorgeous colors sized into one big YES.

BUY THEM WHILE THEIR ON SALE - NOW!

SEE ORDER FORM ON PAGE 10

001

No smoking laws - do they work?

by Tim Moder

Have you ever been misquoted in a newspaper? Sometimes the reporter misunderstands something and reports things a little differently than you did. That is excusable - often you are in a rush, the interview is by phone and the person didn't hear exactly what you said.

The San Francisco Chronicle has long been known to be against the nonsmokers' rights goal to "stop involuntary smoking". Witness the facts: 1) On Friday, March 17, the day after the Secretary of State announced that the Clean Indoor Air Act of 1978 had qualified for the November ballot, the Chronicle published an article entitled "No-Smoking Law is a Bust" by Jesse Healin, a Chronicle reporter, who had interviewed me and had talked to Ann Williamson to some extent last February.

2) On Tuesday, March 21, Abe Melinkoff published "Another Holy Crusade" in which he belittled the Nonsmokers' Rights Movement and said that "there is no evidence of any less smoking going on than before the sweeping ordinance was enacted" (referring to Berkeley).

The first article was intended throughout to make the announced qualification of the Initiative seem worthless by falsely reporting that the Berkeley No-Smoking Ordinance was not working. He said that I was unhappy about the Berkeley No-Smoking Ordinance and that I said it didn't matter that the law was being broken in Berkeley because Berkeley had "a reputation for unruliness".

Mr. Healin apparently wanted to write the article in this sense from the beginning. He didn't need to waste my time or Ann's by talking to us since he ignored everything we had said. Mr. Melinkoff, at least, didn't waste anyone else's time.

I have said, and been quoted properly, to other newspaper reporters and to radio and T.V. newsmen that I have been amazed at how well the Berkeley No-Smoking Ordinance is working. Ninety to ninety-five percent of the businesses have posted the required signs (we will have a more accurate account after our April 1 survey of the city - see East Bay GASP



news, page 4). The attitude and awareness of the public has clearly changed. I have had no refusal to comply with the law when I have pointed it out to those violating it. (One person refrained from lighting up when I pointed it out but after three or four minutes, could not stand to be without it.) I have seen things I never saw before. People stop before entering a store, taking a final puff they extinguish the cigarette before entering - even before going into the post office, where the law does not apply. I wonder if the smoke is less dense in tobacco stores and bars. I have stood in lines at the post office for several minutes and no one has been smoking. Things have improved - there is no doubt about it. No law is perfect but I think this one has been nearer perfect than a lot of others in an amazingly short time.

Right now we need some letters from YOU. We need letters to the San Francisco Chronicle telling them that they are wrong. Their article on March 17 was incorrect. You have seen the changes

and they have been very beneficial. Please write a letter, even if you have only been to Berkeley once or if you haven't been at all, tell them you heard others comment. Get your friends to write, and if you know any Berkeley business owners, ask them to get a letter off on their letterhead.

And please, send a copy of your letter to our office: G.A.S.P., P. O. Box 1061, Berkeley, CA 94701. This is essential. We want to be able to show these letters to others as proof that the Berkeley No-Smoking Ordinance works and it is thus very reasonable to assume that the State Initiative will work as well. We want to be able to counter any future articles like Jesse Healin's or any claims made by the opposition. Please rev up those pens, as I have said before "The Pen is mightier than the Cigarette". Write to:

SAN FRANCISCO CHRONICLE
Letters to the Editor
301 Mission Street
San Francisco, CA 94103

Board of Directors meets

The Board of Directors of California GASP met Saturday, February 25, in Los Angeles. The informal meeting began at 10 a.m. and was highlighted by discussions on the effects of second-hand smoke on the health of non-smokers, and discussion on the strategy to be followed to get the Clean Indoor Air Act passed in November. The formal business meeting began around 2:30 p.m.

- San Fernando Valley GASP had established a separate chapter to join as an affiliate of California G.A.S.P. and this chapter was accepted by the Board.
- Nominations for California GASP officers:
 - President - Paul Loveday, Dick Mertz
 - Vice Pres. - Richard Mertz, Roger Diamond, Harriet Brooks, Jill Skolnik, Eddie Tabash, Marty Klein
 - Secretary - Sandy Young, John Nelson
 - Assistant Secretary - Margie Kahn
- Treasurer's report by Pete Hanauer showed that California G.A.S.P. had received \$53,238.17 in 1977, spent \$51,298.31, had \$3,132.20 cash on hand and owed \$3,000 in loans.
- A resolution was passed to solve the problem of taking minutes at Board meetings, of writing them up, of distributing them to officers and chapters and of keeping the By-Laws up to date. \$50 per meeting was offered. Tim Moder has accepted it for now but wants another person to assume the responsibility and the \$50 if necessary.
- The Board passed a resolution to allow constitution of the Clean Indoor Air Committee - see "Victory is Official", page 1.
- James Smith, Ph.D., was retained as an employee of California GASP at \$450 a month.
- Executive Director Timothy Moder's salary was raised to \$1000/month.
- The salary of Southern Coordinator, Frank W'swell, was raised to \$900 per month.
- The Officers of California GASP were given permission to hire office staff as needed and as California GASP's financial capacity permits. *and purchase or lease office equipment
- California GASP is authorized to begin a statewide canvassing operation to raise money, get votes and distribute literature.
- Amendments to the By-Laws proposed by John Carrothers were voted down with the stipulation that they be referred to the By-Laws committee for further study.